# CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

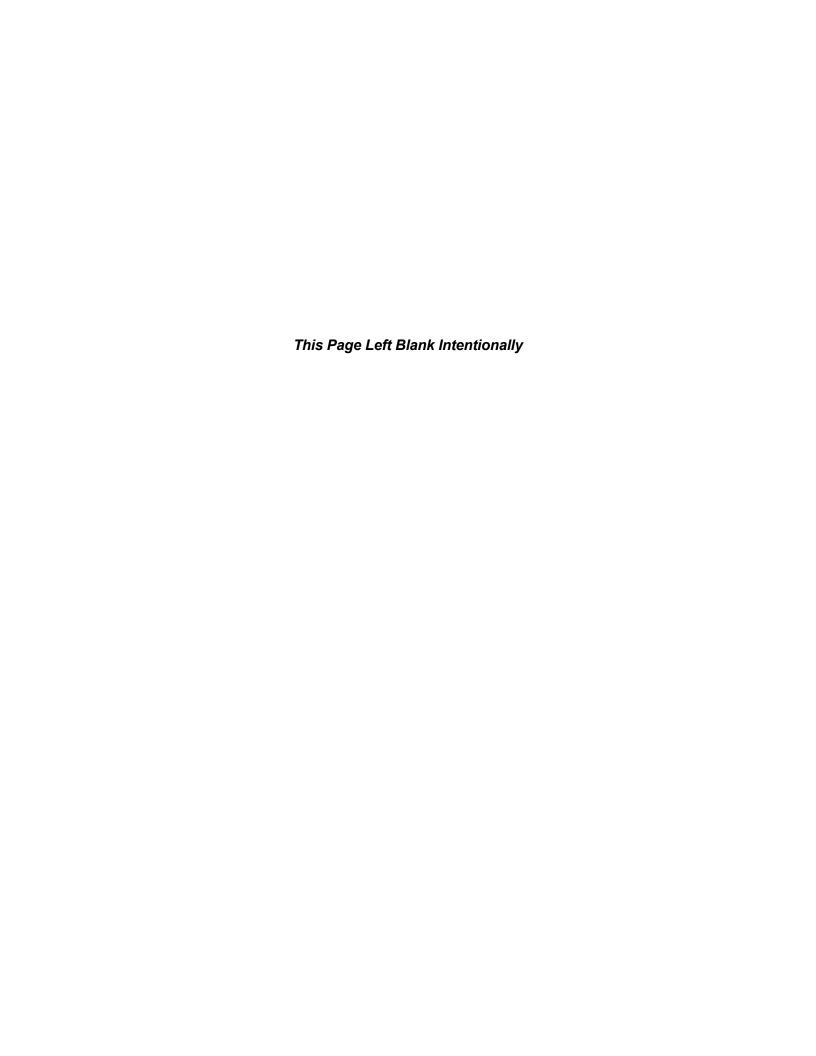


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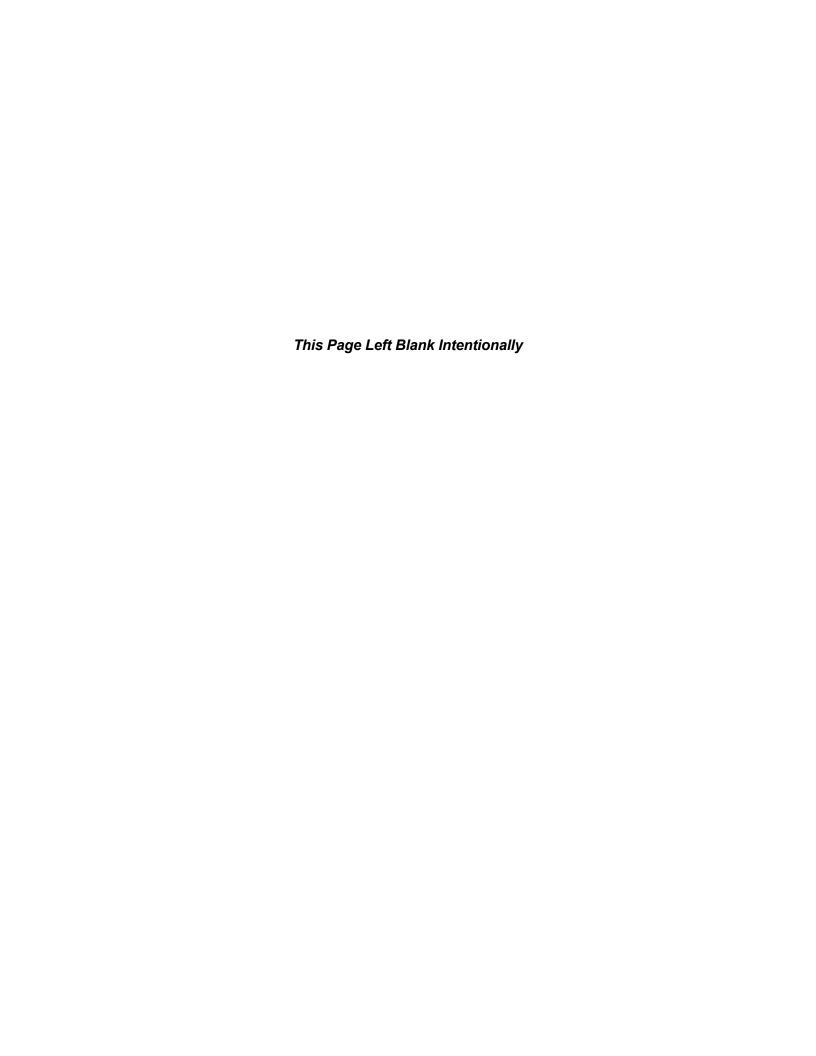
#### For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

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# CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK INTRODUCTORY SECTION DECEMBER 31, 2018



## CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS December 31, 2018

POSITION NAME TERM EXPIRES

**ELECTED OFFICIALS** 

City Council:

Mayor Cindy Hansen December 31, 2018

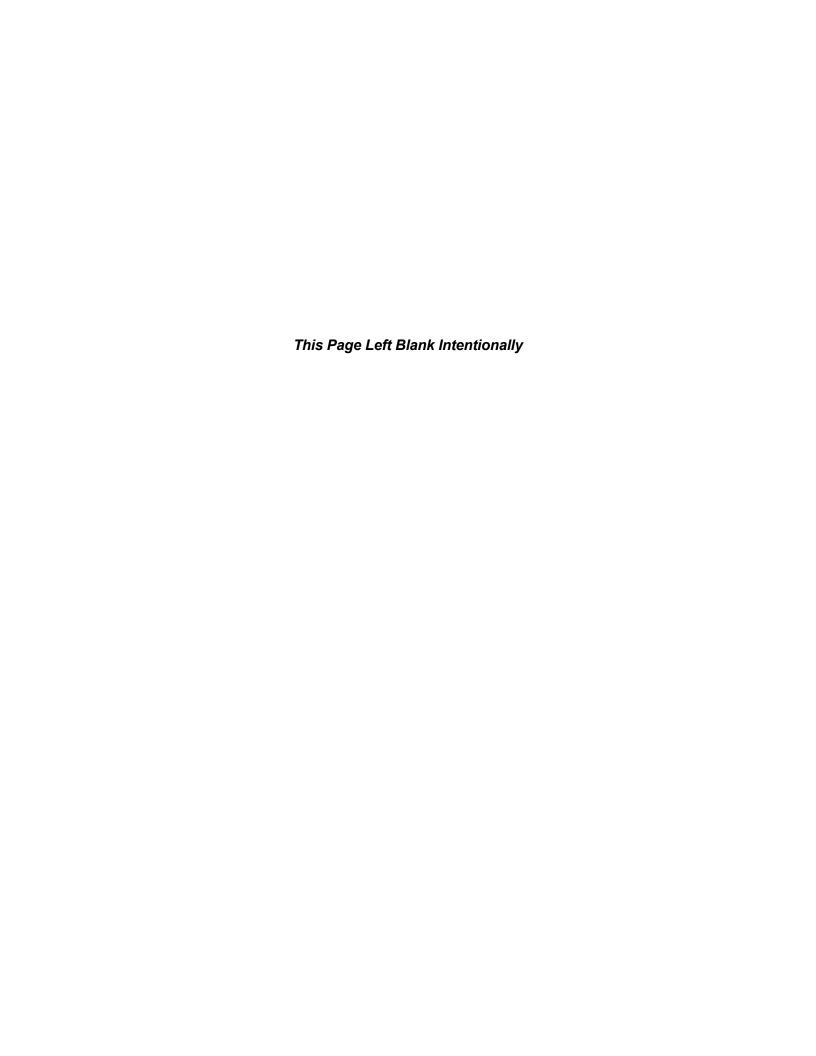
Council Member Robert Nelson December 31, 2020
Council Member Ken Wendling December 31, 2018
Council Member Brad Delfs December 31, 2018
Council Member Barbara Goodboe-Bisschoff December 31, 2020

**APPOINTED OFFICIALS** 

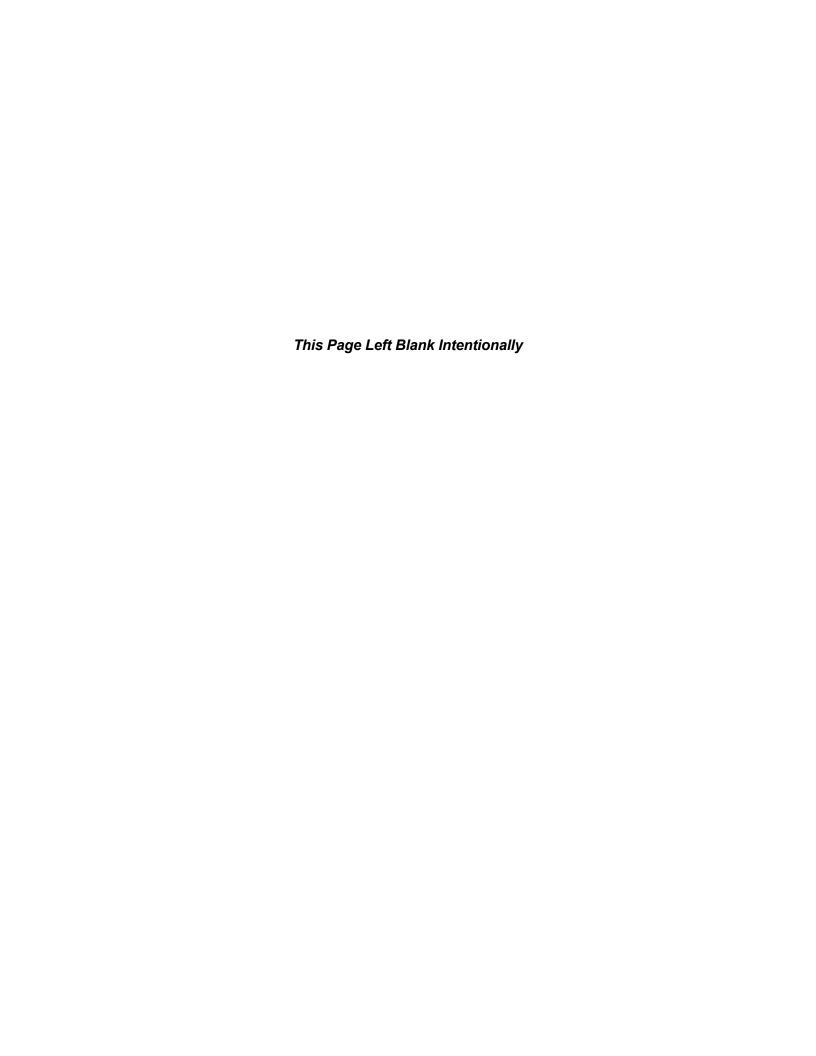
City Administrator,

Clerk-Treasurer Daniel R. Buchholtz Continuous

Accountant Peggy Anderson Continuous



# CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK FINANCIAL SECTION DECEMBER 31, 2018





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Spring Lake Park

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Spring Lake Park, Minnesota as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Spring Lake Park, Minnesota as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council **City of Spring Lake Park** Page 2

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 13 and the required supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Spring Lake Park, Minnesota's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

mith, Schafe and associates, Led.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 18, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Spring Lake Park, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Spring Lake Park's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

July 18, 2019

As management of the City of Spring Lake Park, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Spring Lake Park for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, with comparative data for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Spring Lake Park exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$21,901,276 (net position). Of this amount, \$8,269,270 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designations and fiscal policies.
- The City's total net position increased by \$404,712. The increase is attributed to governmental activities due to transfers from business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Spring Lake Park's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,204,094, an increase of \$2,775,430 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance for the general fund was \$1,987,264, or 50.4% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$405,148 due primarily to the decrease in the City's share of the net pension liability for PERA.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Spring Lake Park's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of the following three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, providing information for the City as a whole, 2) fund financial statements, providing detailed information for the City's significant funds, and 3) notes to the financial statements, providing additional information that is essential to understanding the government-wide and fund statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Spring Lake Park's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Spring Lake Park's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Spring Lake Park is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of the related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Spring Lake Park that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Spring Lake Park include general government, public safety, public works, recreation and parks and development. The business-type activities of the City of Spring Lake Park include the utility and liquor funds.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Spring Lake Park, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Spring Lake Park can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Spring Lake Park maintains forty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, developer's escrow fund, the revolving fund, renewal and replacement fund, 2017A G.O. equipment certificates fund, and the 2014A G.O. improvement bonds fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements or schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Spring Lake Park adopts an annual budget for its general fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for this fund (pages 23-26) to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-22 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of Spring Lake Park maintains one type of proprietary fund - enterprise funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Spring Lake Park uses enterprise funds to account for its utility and liquor operations. In 2018, the City sold the liquor store land and building and ceased liquor operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the utility and liquor funds, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Spring Lake Park.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-31 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32-73 of this report.

**Other Information.** The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds can be found on pages 76-97 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Spring Lake Park, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$21,901,276 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City of Spring Lake Park's net position, \$11,299,240 (52%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Spring Lake Park uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Spring Lake Park's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### City of Spring Lake Park's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	/ре А	ctivities	To	otal
	2018	2017	2018		2017	2018	2017
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$10,968,287 11,335,498	\$ 8,548,960 11,550,211	\$ 3,808,033 5,783,519	\$	5,235,501 6,253,450	\$14,776,320 17,119,017	\$13,784,461 17,803,661
Total assets	22,303,785	20,099,171	 9,591,552		11,488,951	31,895,337	31,588,122
Deferred outflows of resources	127,075	228,508	8,911		64,421	135,986	292,929
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	7,119,701 509,445	6,948,473 561,707	 1,418,509 167,003		1,994,885 183,594	8,538,210 676,448	8,943,358 745,301
Total liabilities	7,629,146	7,510,180	1,585,512		2,178,479	9,214,658	9,688,659
Deferred inflows of resources	880,271	648,039	 35,118		47,789	915,389	695,828
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	6,673,721	7,191,466	4,625,519		4,831,279	11,299,240	12,022,745
Restricted	2,332,766	2,325,251				2,332,766	2,325,251
Unrestricted	4,914,956	2,652,743	 3,354,314		4,495,825	8,269,270	7,148,568
Total net position	\$13,921,443	\$12,169,460	\$ 7,979,833	\$	9,327,104	\$21,901,276	\$21,496,564

An additional portion of the City of Spring Lake Park's net position at December 31, 2018 (11%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$8,269,270) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Spring Lake Park is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position for the City as a whole.

**Governmental activities**. Governmental activities account for 64% of the City of Spring Lake Park's net position as of December 31, 2018. The total increase in net position for governmental activities was \$1,751,983, accounting for all of the increase in the net position of the City of Spring Lake Park for the year ended December 31, 2018. The key element for this increase was the closure of the City's liquor fund at year end due to sale of liquor store land. The remaining net position in the liquor fund was transferred to a capital project fund for future renewal and replacement.

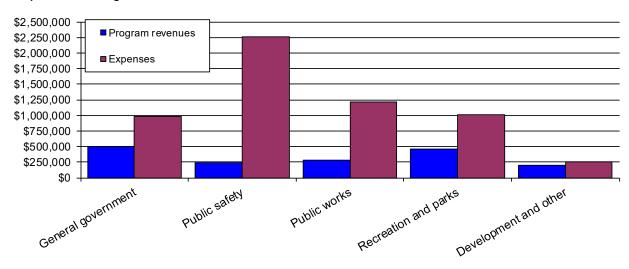
**Business-type activities**. Business-type activities decreased the City of Spring Lake Park's net position by \$1,347,271 due to the closure of the liquor fund and transfer of remaining net position to the capital project fund as noted above.

#### City of Spring Lake Park's Change in Net Position

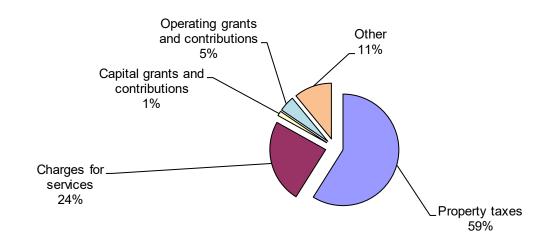
	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,351,799	\$ 1,774,343	\$ 1,680,665	\$ 2,100,731	\$ 3,032,464	\$ 3,875,074	
Operating grants and contributions	255,583	244,366			255,583	244,366	
Capital grants and contributions	77,959	165,857			77,959	165,857	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	3,293,886	3,108,755			3,293,886	3,108,755	
Gain on sale of liquor store land			792,978				
Other	611,278	538,348	348,160	990,671	959,438	1,529,019	
Total revenues	5,590,505	5,831,669	2,821,803	3,091,402	8,412,308	8,923,071	
Evnences							
Expenses:	981.309	965.290			981.309	965.290	
General government Public safety	2,255,694	2,154,455			2,255,694	2,154,455	
Public salety Public works	1,220,832	2, 154,455 1,274,897			1,220,832	2, 154,455 1,274,897	
	1,008,084	923,186			1,220,632	923,186	
Recreation and parks	, ,	,			, ,	,	
Development and other Interest on long-term debt	255,839	248,341			255,839	248,341	
· ·	116,692	79,593	1.966.440	0.400.700	116,692 1.966.440	79,593	
Utility			202,706	2,123,799 476,415	, , -	2,123,799	
Liquor	5,838,450	5,645,762			202,706	476,415	
Total expenses	5,636,430	5,045,762	2,169,146	2,600,214	8,007,596	8,245,976	
Change in net position before transfers	(247,945)	185,907	652,657	491,188	404,712	677,095	
Transfers	1,999,928	157,265	(1,999,928)	(157,265)			
Change in net position after transfers	1,751,983	343,172	(1,347,271)	333,923	404,712	677,095	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,169,460	11,826,288	9,327,104	8,993,181	21,496,564	20,819,469	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 13,921,443	\$ 12,169,460	\$ 7,979,833	\$ 9,327,104	\$ 21,901,276	\$ 21,496,564	

Below are specific graphs that provide comparisons of the governmental activities direct program revenues with their expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2018. Any shortfalls in direct revenues are primarily supported by property tax levy or general state aid.

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities**

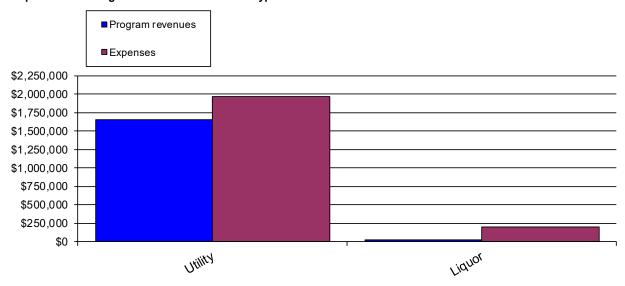


**Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities** 

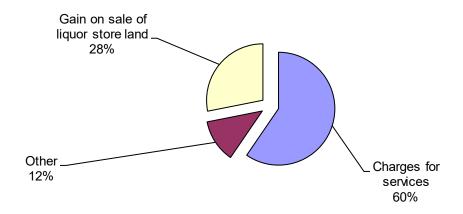


The following graphs related the business-type activity's program revenues with its expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2018. Since this activity requires significant physical assets to operate, any excess revenues are held for planned capital expenditures to keep pace with growing demand for services.

#### Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities



#### Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities



#### **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As noted earlier, the City of Spring Lake Park uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the City of Spring Lake Park's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Spring Lake Park's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Spring Lake Park's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,204,094, an increase of \$2,775,430 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 79% of this total fund balance, or \$7,304,116, constitutes assigned and unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance \$1,899,978 is restricted and nonspendable to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted by creditors, grantors or regulations of other governments or has been expensed for prepaid items.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of City of Spring Lake Park. At the end of the current year, fund balance of the general fund was \$1,987,264. As a measure of liquidity, it may be useful to compare the fund balance to total fund expenditures. Fund balance represents 50% of total current year general fund expenditures. The general fund's total fund balance increased by \$139,894 during the current year due primarily to increased collection of property taxes and building permit revenues related to construction activity within the City.

The developer's escrow fund increased its fund balance by \$1,197 due primarily to current investment earnings allocated to the fund.

The revolving fund increased its fund balance by \$103,987 due primarily to transfers from other capital project funds.

The renewal and replacement fund increased its fund balance by \$2,091,519 due to the closure of the liquor fund and transfer of fund balance to the capital project fund.

The 2017A G.O. equipment certificates fund decreased its fund balance by \$15,890 due primarily to capital outlay expenditures in excess of interest earnings allocated to the fund.

The 2014A G.O. improvement bonds fund decreased its fund balance by \$132,968 due primarily to debt service payments in excess of property taxes, special assessments and intergovernmental revenue allocated to the fund.

The special revenue funds (other than the developer's escrow fund described as major fund previously) increased their overall fund balances by \$4,393 due primarily to charges for services and other revenues in excess of current year recreation, development and other expenses.

The debt service funds (other than the 2014A G.O. improvement bonds fund as described as a major fund above) increased their collective fund balance by \$187,723 due primarily to transfers from other funds.

The capital projects funds (other than the revolving fund, renewal and replacement fund, and 2017A G.O. equipment certificates fund described as major funds previously) increased their collective fund balance by \$395,575 due primarily to bond proceeds issued for capital improvements prior to expenditures for capital outlay for which the bonds were issued.

**Proprietary funds**. The City of Spring Lake Park's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position for utility operations at the end of the year amounted to \$3,354,314. The liquor fund was closed at year end and the balance of net position was transferred to the renewal and replacement capital project fund. The utility and liquor funds decreased their net position by \$98,739 and \$1,248,532, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2018. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Spring Lake Park's business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The City's General Fund budget was amended during the year. The budget (both the original and final budgets) called for no change in General Fund balance. The actual net change to the General Fund balance was an increase of \$139,894. Revenues exceeded budget by \$232,801 for the year ended December 31, 2018 due primarily to increased revenues for permits and charges for services related to building activity within the City. Total expenditures were less than budget by \$11,115 for the year. Four departments had expenditures in excess of budget: general government expenditures exceeded budget by \$12,701, public safety expenditures exceeded budget by \$48,601, public works expenditures exceeded budget by \$3,387, and recreation and parks expenditures exceeded budget by \$27,659. These over expenditures were primarily related to higher than anticipated personnel services and capital outlay.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The City of Spring Lake Park's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2018, amounted to \$17,119,017 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. Total capital assets decreased by \$684,644, or less than 4%, for the year ended December 31, 2018, due to depreciation for the year ended December 31, 2018 being higher than current year asset acquisitions and the sale of the liquor store property.

### City of Spring Lake Park's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Government	tal Ad	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2018		2017	2018		2017		2018		2017	
Land	\$ 604,950	\$	604,950	\$	\$	127,883	\$	604,950	\$	732,833	
Construction in progress	19,992		14,815	274,113				294,105		14,815	
Buildings and improvements	1,249,425		1,270,341	2,485,280		2,873,063		3,734,705		4,143,404	
Machinery and equipment	1,141,509		856,907	127,299		193,107		1,268,808		1,050,014	
Infrastructure	 8,319,622		8,803,198	2,896,827		3,059,397		11,216,449		11,862,595	
Total	\$ 11,335,498	\$	11,550,211	\$ 5,783,519	\$	6,253,450	\$	17,119,017	\$	17,803,661	

Additional information on the City of Spring Lake Park's capital assets can be found in Note 3C beginning on page 50 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Spring Lake Park had \$5,804,296 in bonds, certificates, and notes payable outstanding. The entire amount outstanding comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

#### City of Spring Lake Park's Outstanding Debt

General Obligation Bonds, Certificates and Notes Payable

	Government	tal Activities			Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities	Total			
	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
General obligation bonds											
and notes payable	\$ 2,826,483	\$	3,243,392	\$	1,158,000	\$	1,371,000	\$	3,984,483	\$	4,614,392
General obligation certificates	1,819,813		1,090,000						1,819,813		1,090,000
Capital lease obligation							51,171				51,171
Total	\$ 4,646,296	\$	4,333,392	\$	1,158,000	\$	1,422,171	\$	5,804,296	\$	5,755,563

The City of Spring Lake Park's total bonds, certificates and notes payable increased by \$48,733 during the current fiscal year. The increase was due to the issuance of general obligation equipment certificates for the purchase of equipment for the City.

The City of Spring Lake Park maintains an AA bond rating from S&P for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a Minnesota City may issue up to 3% of its market value of taxable property. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes. The City is currently well within this limit.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The City Council has prepared a balanced budget for the General Fund for 2019. With an improving economy, the City is seeing vacant properties being purchased, new businesses coming into the City, and increasing building permit revenue. The City's property tax base continues to see improvements from the lows of the Great Recession. Local Government Aid remains an important funding source for the City's capital improvement plan and debt service funds, thereby reducing the City's property tax levy.

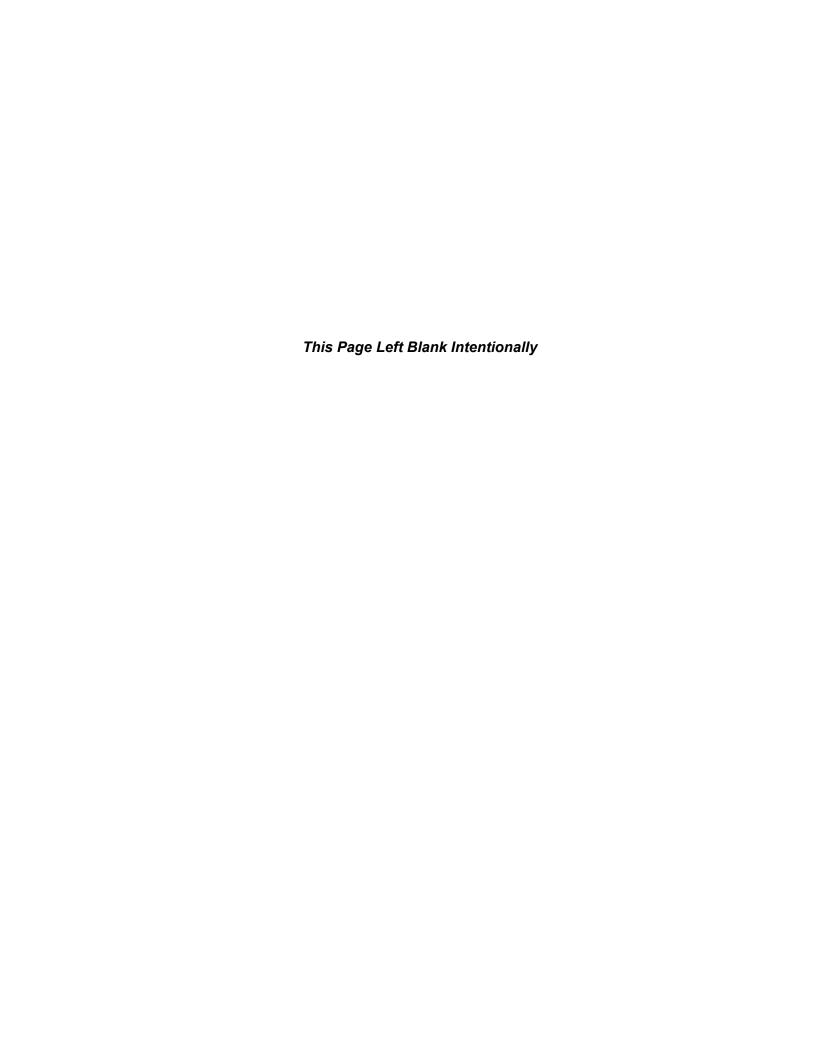
The economy of the area is anticipated to remain stable. Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to the national indices.

Major activities contemplated in 2019 are:

- Slip-lining project for sanitary sewer in an effort to renew the City's sanitary sewer system.
- Seal-coat project in an effort to maintain the City's investment in its street network.
- Acquisition of capital assets with the proceeds from equipment certificates issued in 2018.
- Rehabilitation of the Osborne Road pedestrian trail between CSAH 35 (Old Central) and State Highway 65.
- Complete Comprehensive Plan 2040 update.

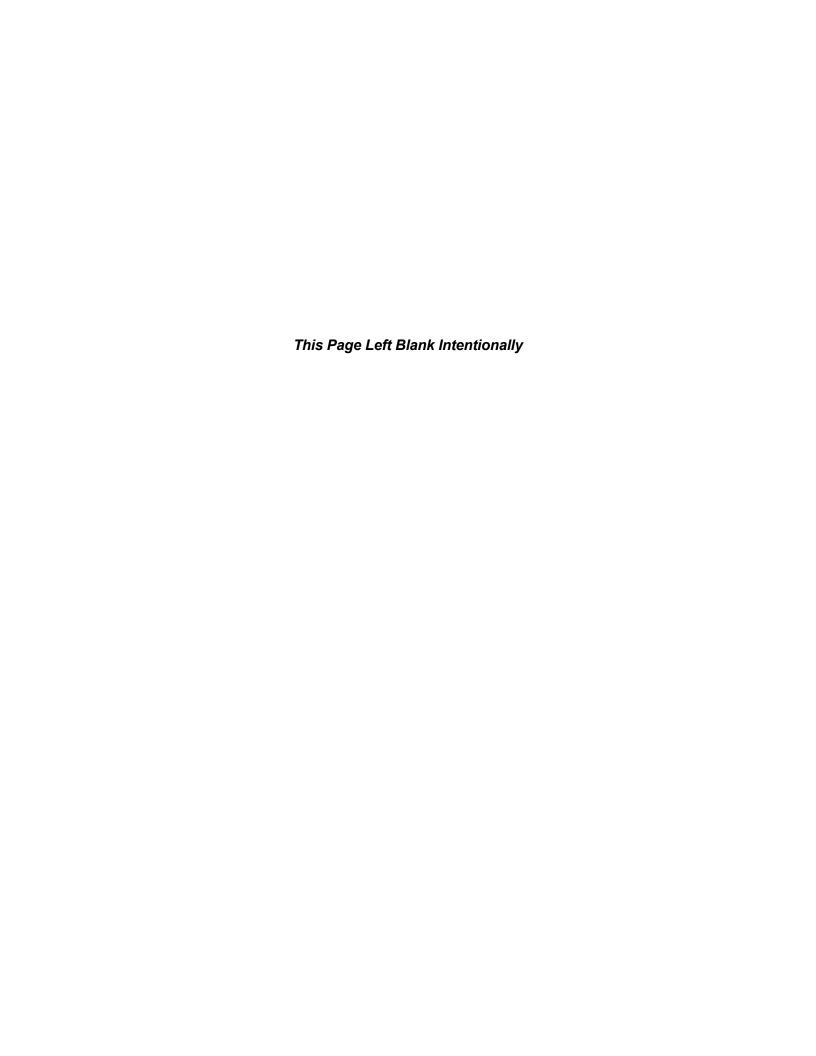
#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Spring Lake Park's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to City of Spring Lake Park, 1301 - 81st Avenue NE, Spring Lake Park, Minnesota 55432.



## CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2018** 



## CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 9,360,875	\$ 3,415,651	\$ 12,776,526
Receivables	702,719	394,630	1,097,349
Intergovernmental receivables	887,141		887,141
Internal fund balances	2,248	(2,248)	
Inventory			
Prepaid items and other	15,304		15,304
Capital assets:	004.040	074 440	200.055
Nondepreciable	624,942	274,113	899,055
Depreciable, net	10,710,556	5,509,406	16,219,962
Total Assets	22,303,785	9,591,552	31,895,337
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows from pension activity	127,075	8,911	135,986
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	149,819	142,119	291,938
Accrued payroll and related taxes	50,397	6,035	56,432
Accrued interest	12,856	10,881	23,737
Unearned revenue	44,345	3,000	47,345
Deposits and other liabilities	252,028	4,968	256,996
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	814,963	234,909	1,049,872
Due in more than one year	4,268,400	969,132	5,237,532
Net pension liability	2,036,338	214,468	2,250,806
Total Liabilities	7,629,146	1,585,512	9,214,658
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows from pension activity	880,271	35,118	915,389
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	6,673,721	4,625,519	11,299,240
Restricted	2,332,766	, -,	2,332,766
Unrestricted	4,914,956	3,354,314	8,269,270
Total Net Position	\$ 13,921,443	\$ 7,979,833	\$ 21,901,276

## CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Program Revenues					
			Operating	Capital			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions			
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 981,309	\$ 499,609	\$	\$			
Public safety	2,255,694	131,408	114,551				
Public works	1,220,832	130,905	68,140	77,959			
Recreation and parks	1,008,084	457,715	4,581				
Development and other	255,839	132,162	68,311				
Interest on long-term debt	116,692						
Total governmental activities	5,838,450	1,351,799	255,583	77,959			
Business-Type activities:							
Utility	1,966,440	1,651,797					
Liquor	202,706	28,868					
Total business-type activities	2,169,146	1,680,665					
Total	\$ 8,007,596	\$ 3,032,464	\$ 255,583	\$ 77,959			

General revenues:

General property taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Lease revenue

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Gain on sale of liquor store land

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

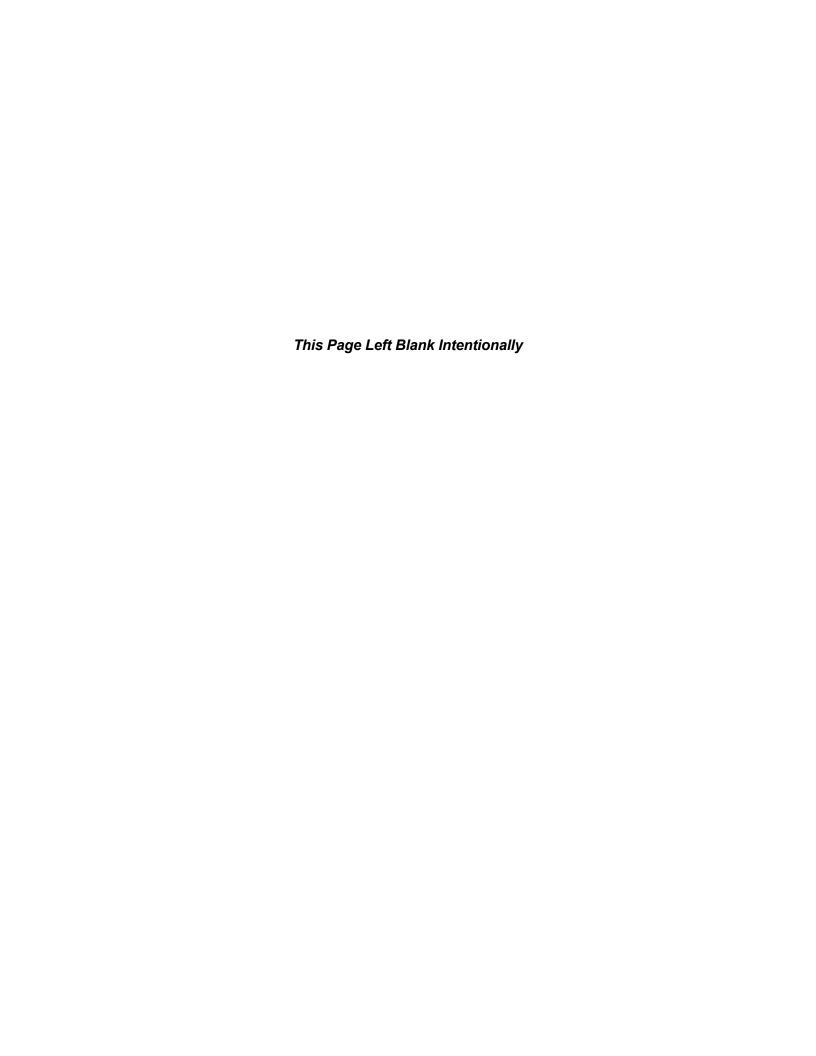
Change in net position

Net Position - beginning

Net Position - ending

## Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (481,700) (2,009,735) (943,828) (545,788) (55,366) (116,692) (4,153,109)	) ) ) ) )	\$ (481,700) (2,009,735) (943,828) (545,788) (55,366) (116,692) (4,153,109)
	\$ (314,643) (173,838)	(314,643)
	(488,481)	(488,481)
(4,153,109	) (488,481)	(4,641,590)
3,293,886 398,937 67,326 80,488 64,527	140,570 40,907 166,683	3,293,886 398,937 207,896 121,395 231,210
1,999,928	792,978 (1,999,928)	792,978
5,905,092		
1,751,983		
12,169,460	9,327,104	21,496,564
\$ 13,921,443	\$ 7,979,833	\$ 21,901,276



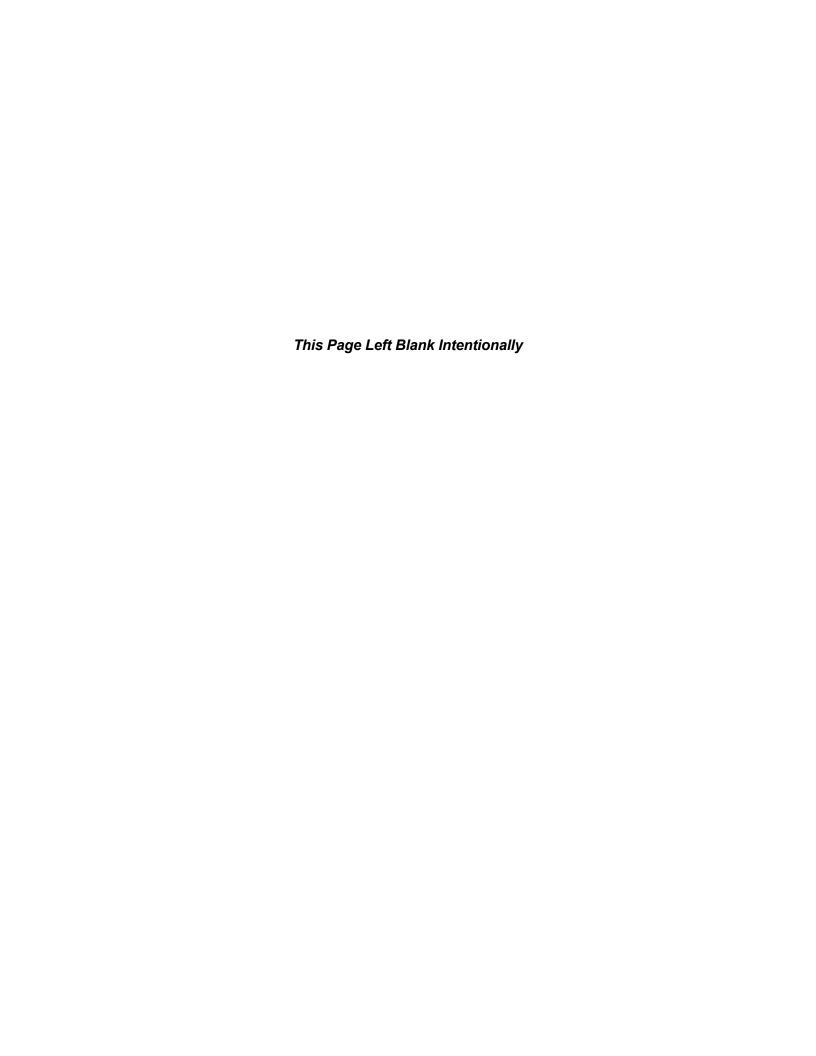
# CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2018

#### CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2018

			Special Revenue Fund	Ca	Capital Project Funds				
		De	eveloper's	Revolving	Renewal and	2017A G.O. Equipment			
	General Fund		Escrow	Fund	Replacement	-	tificates		
ASSETS					<u> </u>				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,698,537	\$	214,556	\$ 1,253,444	\$ 2,091,519	\$	6,673		
Accounts receivable	18,559								
Taxes receivable	40,891								
Special assessments receivable	2,284			54,209					
Due from other funds	329,766			13,613					
Due from other governmental units	35,995			1,397					
Accrued interest receivable	51,270								
Prepaid expenditures	2,997								
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,180,299	\$	214,556	\$ 1,322,663	\$ 2,091,519	\$	6,673		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$ 58,002	\$	3,671	\$ 1,534	\$	\$			
Accrued payroll and taxes	50,796	·	-,-	, , , , , , ,	·	,			
Deposits and other liabilities	27,449		218,580						
Due to other funds	13,613			251,015					
Unearned revenue									
Total liabilities	149,860		222,251	252,549					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue:									
Property taxes	40,891								
Special assessments	2,284			54,209					
Total deferred inflows of resources	43,175			54,209					
ELIND BALANCE (DEELCIT)									
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)  Nonspendable	2,997								
Restricted	2,991								
Assigned	1,984,267			1,015,905	2,091,519		6,673		
Unassigned	1,001,207		(7,695)	1,010,000	2,001,010		0,010		
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	1,987,264		(7,695)	1,015,905	2,091,519		6,673		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS									
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,180,299	\$	214,556	\$ 1,322,663	\$ 2,091,519	\$	6,673		

De	bt Service Fund				
20	14A G.O.		Other		
lmp	provement	Gov	ernmental		
	Bonds		Funds		Total
\$	843,553	\$ 3	3,252,593	\$	9,360,875
			99,509		118,068
					40,891
	391,599				448,092
			2,248		345,627
	5,099		110,427		152,918
			40.00-		51,270
			12,307	_	15,304
\$	1,240,251	\$ 3	3,477,084	\$	10,533,045
Φ.		Ф	00.040	Φ	440.040
\$		\$	86,612	\$	149,819 50,796
			5,600		251,629
			78,751		343,379
			44,345		44,345
			215,308	_	839,968
			210,000	_	000,000
					40,891
	391,599				448,092
	391,599				488,983
			12,307		15,304
	848,652		1,036,022		1,884,674
	0 <del>1</del> 0,002		2,242,124		7,340,488
		-	(28,677)		(36,372)
	848,652	- 3	3,261,776		9,204,094
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· ·		. ,
\$	1,240,251	\$ 3	3,477,084	\$	10,533,045



## CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK RECONCILIATION OF NET POSITION IN THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND BALANCES IN THE FUND BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total governmental fund balances (pages 17-18)			\$ 9,204,094
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fi resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fun- Governmental funds - capital assets Accumulated depreciation		al 27,529,677 (16,194,179)	11,335,498
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for curre	ent-pe	riod	
expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the fu			
Delinquent property taxes	\$	40,891	
Special assessments		448,092	488,983
			400,903
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the curre and therefore are not reported in the funds: Bonds payable (net of receivable for amounts	ent per	riod	
to be paid by other governmental entities)  Net pension liability, deferred outflows and	\$	(3,867,675)	
inflows from pension activity		(2,789,534)	
Compensated absences		(421,586)	
Accrued interest		(12,856)	
Net unamortized bond premiums		(15,481)	
			 (7,107,132)
Net position of governmental activities (page 14)			\$ 13,921,443

## CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

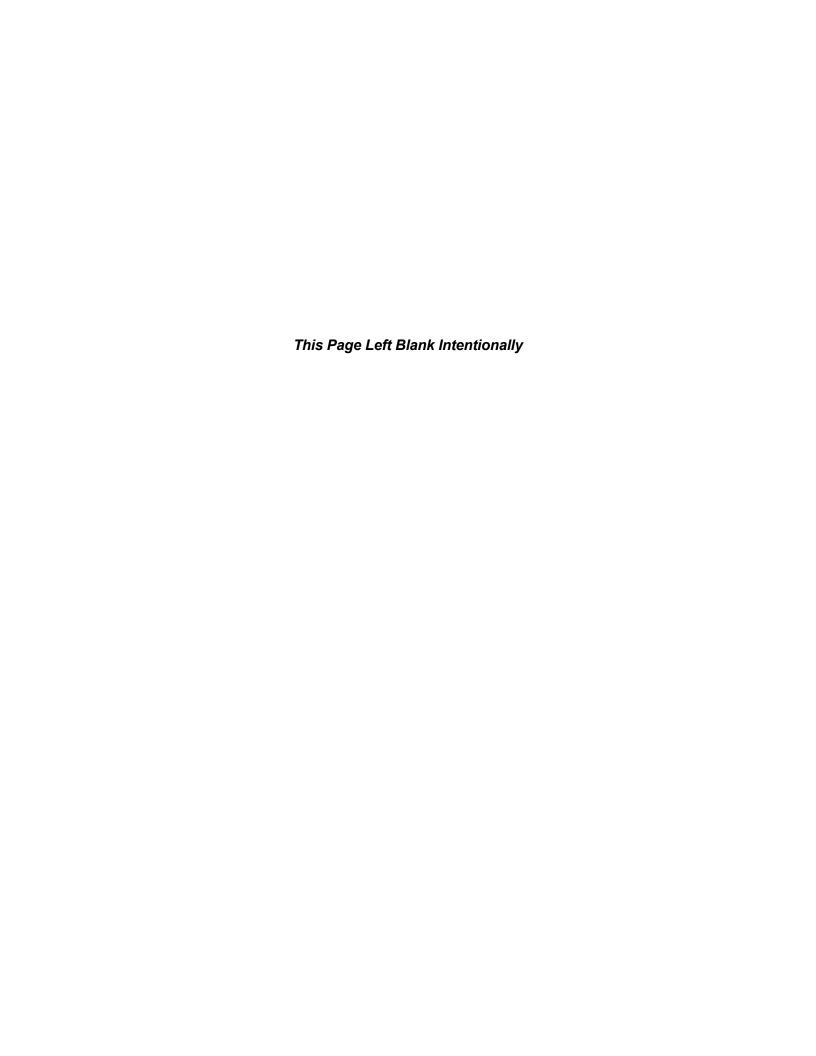
Special
Revenue
Fund

		Fund	Capital Project Funds		
					2017A G.O.
	General Fund	Developer's Escrow	Revolving Fund	Renewal and Replacement	Equipment Certificates
REVENUES		_			
Property taxes	\$ 3,021,265	\$	\$ 361	\$	\$
Special assessments			46,567		
Licenses and permits	283,018				
Intergovernmental revenues	505,165				
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	211,312 43,250				
Investment income (loss)	35,640	1,197	7,907		2,315
Other revenues	86,144		20,000		
TOTAL REVENUES	4,185,794	1,197	74,835		2,315
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	805,252				
Public safety	2,127,068				
Public works	238,167		40,161		
Recreation and parks	647,311				
Development and other	60,049				
Capital Outlay					
General government	66 620				10 205
Public safety Public works	66,620				18,205
Recreation and parks					
Debt Service					
Principal					
Interest and other					
Bond issuance costs					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,944,467		40,161		18,205
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	241,327	1,197	34,674		(15,890)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers from other funds	290,240		69,313	2,091,519	
Transfers to other funds	(391,673)		33,3.3	_,00.,0.0	
Bond proceeds	(,)				
(Discount) on issuance of debt					
Gain on sale of assets					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(101,433)		69,313	2,091,519	
- ,					
Net change in fund balances	139,894	1,197	103,987	2,091,519	(15,890)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Beginning	1,847,370	(8,892)	911,918		22,563
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Ending	\$ 1,987,264	\$ (7,695)	\$ 1,015,905	\$ 2,091,519	\$ 6,673

#### **See Notes to Financial Statements**

Debt Sei				
2014A G			Other	
Improven		Gov	vernmental	
Bond		00	Funds	Total
	_			10141
\$ 90	,228	\$	196,593	\$ 3,308,447
	469	Ψ	100,000	135,036
00,	,-05			283,018
33	197		116,617	655,269
33	,487			
			711,728	923,040
0	400		2,833	46,083
O	,186		27,243	80,488
-			325,858	432,002
218	,370		1,380,872	5,863,383
			62,208	867,460
			3,628	2,130,696
			317,307	595,635
			297,470	944,781
			196,094	256,143
			.00,00	200,
			94,213	94,213
			176,452	261,277
			320,926	320,926
			47,477	47,477
	,000		266,909	566,909
51	,338		78,206	129,544
			6,750	6,750
351	,338		1,867,640	6,221,811
(132	,968)		(486,768)	(358,428)
			314,967	2,766,039
			(133,313)	(524,986)
			879,813	879,813
			(8,593)	(8,593)
			21,585	21,585
			1,074,459	3,133,858
(132	,968)		587,691	2,775,430
981	,620		2,674,085	6,428,664
\$ 848	,652	\$	3,261,776	\$ 9,204,094

Debt Service



# CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (pages 20-21) 2,775,430 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: \$ 641,863 Capital outlay Depreciation expense (856,576)(214,713)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Unavailable revenue, end of year 488.983 Unavailable revenue, beginning of year (594,108)(105, 125)Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences, end of year (421,586)Compensated absences, beginning of year 358,355 (63,231)Bond, contract and loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position: Principal retirement on long-term debt 566,909 City's share of long-term debt issuance (879,813)Shared debt principal payments received from other governments (217,039)Change in net pension liability (138,630)Change in accrued interest, bond premiums, bond discounts and deferred charges 28,195 (640,378)

#### **See Notes to Financial Statements**

1,751,983

Change in net position of governmental activities (pages 15-16)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			2018	Variance with Final Budget-
	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 2,999,913	\$ 2,999,913	\$ 3,021,265	\$ 21,352
Licenses and Permits				
Licenses	47,152	47,152	59,342	12,190
Permits	105,680	110,280	223,676	113,396
Total Licenses and Permits	152,832	157,432	283,018	125,586
Intergovernmental				
Police aids	93,200	93,200	106,228	13,028
Other aids	398,934	398,934	398,937	3
Total Intergovernmental	492,134	492,134	505,165	13,031
Charges for Services				
General government	59,688	59,688	136,972	77,284
Public safety	1,250	1,250	225	(1,025)
Housing registration	57,970	57,970	74,115	16,145
Total Charges for Services	118,908	118,908	211,312	92,404
Fines and forfeits	68,500	68,500	43,250	(25,250)
Investment earnings (loss)	20,000	20,000	35,640	15,640
Miscellaneous Revenue				
Liaison officer	77,406	77,406	77,406	
Insurance dividends	10,000	10,000	3,851	(6,149)
Reimbursements and other	8,700	8,700	4,887	(3,813)
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	96,106	96,106	86,144	(9,962)
TOTAL REVENUES	3,948,393	3,952,993	4,185,794	232,801
EXPENDITURES				
General Government				
Mayor and Council				
Personnel services	35,426	35,426	35,015	411
Supplies and services	2,631	2,631	1,200	1,431
Other charges	19,362	19,362	14,414	4,948
Total Mayor and Council	\$ 57,419	\$ 57,419	\$ 50,629	\$ 6,790

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted Amounts			2018 Actual		Variance with Final Budget-Positive		
		Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Administration								
Personnel services	\$	401,311	\$	401,311	\$	421,761	\$	(20,450)
Supplies		9,712		9,712		9,637		75
Contracted services		7,010		7,010		7,176		(166)
Other services and charges		18,642		18,642		10,838		7,804
Total Administration		436,675		436,675		449,412		(12,737)
Election						11 706		(11 706)
Personnel services						11,726 1,543		(11,726)
Other services and charges Total Election						13,269		(1,543)
rotal Election						13,209		(13,209)
Assessing Contracted services		35,500		35,500		34,416		1,084
A		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Accounting and Auditing Contracted services		9,847		9,847		10,677		(830)
Information Technology Contracted services		28,580		28,580		27,825		755
Legal								
Contracted services		120,000		120,000		122,223		(2,223)
		120,000		120,000		TLL,LLO		(2,220)
Engineering								
Contracted services		9,000		9,000		3,720		5,280
Planning and Zoning								
Supplies and other charges		1,592		1,592		418		1,174
		.,002		.,002		1.0		.,
Government Buildings								
Personnel services		19,728		19,728		22,103		(2,375)
Supplies		15,950		15,950		17,125		(1,175)
Contracted services		53,545		53,545		47,696		5,849
Other charges		4,715		4,715		5,739		(1,024)
Total Government Buildings		93,938		93,938		92,663		1,275
Total General Government	\$	792,551	\$	792,551	\$	805,252	\$	(12,701)

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

			2018	Variance with Final Budget-		
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety						
Police Protection						
Personnel services	\$ 1,510,607	\$ 1,510,607	\$ 1,587,355	\$ (76,748)		
Supplies	39,833	39,833	32,966	6,867		
Contracted services	52,746	52,746	40,809	11,937		
Other charges	59,330	59,330	64,423	(5,093)		
Capital outlay	37,471	37,471	31,634	5,837		
Total Police Protection	1,699,987	1,699,987	1,757,187	(57,200)		
Fire Protection						
Contracted services	226,014	226,014	226,008	6		
Capital outlay	48,296	48,296	34,986	13,310		
Total Fire Protection	274,310	274,310	260,994	13,316		
Code Enforcement						
Personnel services	155,085	159,685	164,480	(4,795)		
Supplies	4,450	4,450	4,577	(127)		
Contracted services	1,300	1,300	1,417	(117)		
Other charges	5,355	5,355	5,033	322		
Total Code Enforcement	166,190	170,790	175,507	(4,717)		
Total Public Safety	2,140,487	2,145,087	2,193,688	(48,601)		
Public Works						
Street Maintenance						
Personnel services	193,630	193,630	197,541	(3,911)		
Supplies	39,140	39,140	37,001	2,139		
Contracted services	1,410	1,410	1,946	(536)		
Other charges	600	600	1,679	(1,079)		
Total Street Maintenance	234,780	234,780	238,167	(3,387)		
Total Public Works	\$ 234,780	\$ 234,780	\$ 238,167	\$ (3,387)		

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

		d Amounts	2018 Actual	Variance with Final Budget-Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
Recreation and Parks				
Recreation	Φ 004.040	Φ 004.040	Φ 045.400	Φ (40.007)
Personnel services	\$ 304,942	\$ 304,942		\$ (10,227)
Supplies	13,611	13,611	•	(2,344)
Contracted services	15,357	15,357	·	570 276
Other charges Total Recreation	1,857 335,767	1,857		
Total Recreation	333,767	335,767	347,492	(11,725)
Parks and Forestry				
Personnel services	221,273	221,273	236,071	(14,798)
Supplies	39,232	39,232	40,852	(1,620)
Contracted services	8,700	8,700	•	594
Other charges	14,680	14,680	•	(110)
Total Parks and Forestry	283,885	283,885	299,819	(15,934)
Total Recreation and Parks	619,652	619,652	647,311	(27,659)
Other				
General insurance	47,600	47,600	45,208	2,392
Other charges	5,000	5,000	·	(2,116)
Permit surcharges	2,600	2,600	7,725	(5,125)
Contingency	108,312	108,312		108,312
Total Other	163,512	163,512	60,049	103,463
Total Expenditures	3,950,982	3,955,582	3,944,467	11,115
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(2,589)	(2,589	) 241,327	243,916
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	ES)			
Transfers from other funds	185,240	185,240	290,240	105,000
Transfers to other funds	(182,651)		•	(209,022)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,589	2,589	(101,433)	(104,022)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			139,894	139,894
FUND BALANCE, January 1	1,847,370	1,847,370	1,847,370	
FUND BALANCE, December 31	\$ 1,847,370	\$ 1,847,370	\$ 1,987,264	\$ 139,894

#### **Statement of Net Position**

December 31, 2018

	Utility Fund	Liquor Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 754,168	\$	\$ 754,168
Accounts receivable	394,630		394,630
Due from other funds	3,222		3,222
Total Current Assets	1,152,020		1,152,020
Noncurrent Assets			
Property and Equipment			
Construction in progress	274,113		274,113
Buildings and structures	6,553,078		6,553,078
Distributions and collection systems	4,860,974		4,860,974
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	777,197		777,197
Total Property and Equipment	12,465,362		12,465,362
Less: Accumulated depreciation	6,681,843		6,681,843
Net Property and Equipment	5,783,519		5,783,519
Reserved Assets			
Cash and investments	2,661,483		2,661,483
Total Noncurrent Assets	8,445,002		8,445,002
TOTAL ASSETS	9,597,022		9,597,022
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows from pension activity	8,911		8,911

### **Statement of Net Position (Continued)**

December 31, 2018

	Utility Fund	Liquor Fund	Total
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	-		
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 142,119	\$	\$ 142,119
Accrued payroll and taxes	6,035		6,035
Accrued interest	10,881		10,881
Unearned revenue	3,000		3,000
Other accrued liabilities	4,968		4,968
Due to other funds	5,470		5,470
Current portion of compensated absences	15,909		15,909
Current portion of note payable and capital lease	219,000		219,000
Total Current Liabilities	407,382		407,382
Long-term Liabilities			
Compensated absences payable	30,132		30,132
Net pension liability	214,468		214,468
Note payable	939,000	<u> </u>	939,000
Total Long-term Liabilities	1,183,600		1,183,600
Total Liabilities	1,590,982		1,590,982
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows from pension activity	35,118		35,118
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	4,625,519		4,625,519
Unrestricted	3,354,314		3,354,314
Total Net Position	\$ 7,979,833	\$	\$ 7,979,833



## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Utility Fund	Liquor Fund	Total
Sales and Cost of Goods Sold			
Sales	\$	\$ 395,762	\$ 395,762
Cost of goods sold		366,894	366,894
Gross Profit		28,868	28,868
Operating Revenue			
Charges for services	1,652,590		1,652,590
Operating Expenses			
Personnel services	344,069	104,993	449,062
Supplies	170,383	53,979	224,362
Contracted services and other	170,845	25,905	196,750
Treatment charges	705,087		705,087
Depreciation	428,149	3,414	431,563
Other charges	111,260	12,984	124,244
Total Operating Expenses	1,929,793	201,275	2,131,068
Operating Income (Loss)	(277,203)	(172,407)	(449,610)
Other Revenue (Expense)			
Lease revenue	140,570		140,570
Commissions and other revenue	150,001	15,889	165,890
Investment income	23,436	17,471	40,907
Interest and other expense	(36,647)	(1,431)	(38,078)
Gain on sale of liquor store land		792,978	792,978
Total Other Revenue (Expense)	277,360	824,907	1,102,267
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	157	652,500	652,657
Transfers to other funds	(98,896)	(1,901,032)	(1,999,928)
Change in net position	(98,739)	(1,248,532)	(1,347,271)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,078,572	1,248,532	9,327,104
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,979,833	\$	\$ 7,979,833

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

	Utility Fund		Liquor Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash received from customers	\$	1,776,946	\$ 404,776	\$ 2,181,722
Cash paid to suppliers		(1,081,624)	(199,889)	(1,281,513)
Cash paid to employees		(339,650)	(389,697)	(729,347)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)				
Operating Activities		355,672	(184,810)	170,862
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Investment income		23,436	17,471	40,907
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	;			
Transfers to other funds		(98,896)	(1,901,032)	(1,999,928)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing	<b>Acti</b>	vities		
Proceeds from sale of liquor store land			1,166,200	1,166,200
Acquisition of capital assets		(334,854)		(334,854)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(213,000)		(213,000)
Principal paid on capital lease			(51,171)	(51,171)
Interest paid on long-term debt/capital lease		(38,649)	(1,622)	(40,271)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Capital and				
Related Financing Activities		(586,503)	1,113,407	526,904
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(306,291)	(954,964)	(1,261,255)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1		3,721,942	954,964	4,676,906
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$	3,415,651	\$	\$ 3,415,651
Classified as:				
Cash and investments - current assets	\$	754,168	\$	\$ 754,168
Cash and investments - reserved assets		2,661,483		2,661,483
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$	3,415,651	\$	\$ 3,415,651

### **Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

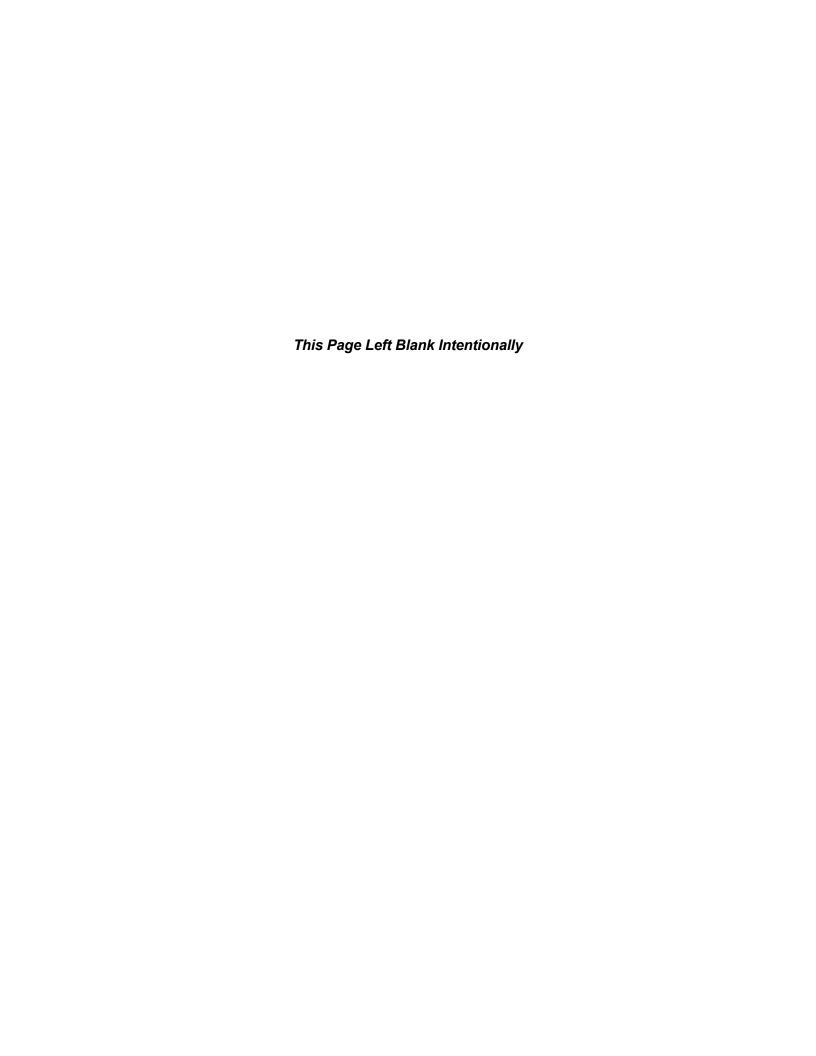
# RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income (loss)	\$	(277,203)	\$ (172,407)	\$ (449,610)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation		428,149	3,414	431,563
Change in net pension liability		12,536	(259,804)	(247,268)
Lease and other revenues		290,571	15,889	306,460
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		9,561	141	9,702
Inventory			339,303	339,303
Due from other funds		(241)		(241)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		75,951	(63,381)	12,570
Accrued payroll and taxes		(5,301)	(5,618)	(10,919)
Other accrued liabilities			(16,049)	(16,049)
Due to other funds		(175,535)	(7,016)	(182,551)
Estimated liability for compensated absences	:	(2,816)	(19,282)	(22,098)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	355,672	\$ (184,810)	\$ 170,862



# CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2018** 



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Spring Lake Park (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting principles are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City operates according to applicable laws and statutes under the council-administrator plan (Statutory Plan A) as defined by Minnesota statutes. A Council composed of an elected mayor and four other elected members directs the government of the City. The Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy and is responsible for directing the activities of the City. The Council appoints the City Administrator and other personnel who are responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Spring Lake Park (the primary government) and its component unit. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the primary government is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit include whether or not the primary government appoints the potential component unit's board, is able to impose its will on the potential unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. The component unit described below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Related Organizations

Spring Lake Park - Blaine - Mounds View Fire Department (Continued)

The City has joined with the cities of Blaine and Mounds View to cooperatively provide fire protection services to their residents. This is provided by the Spring Lake Park - Blaine - Mounds View Fire Department (the Fire Department), a private nonprofit Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) organization. The service territory is generally comprised of the cities of Spring Lake Park, Blaine and Mounds View.

The three cities agreed upon several significant provisions in their agreement dated December 11, 1990:

- 1. The Fire Department is governed by its own Board of Directors. Directors are appointed by each city and from the Fire Department.
- 2. Operation, maintenance and debt service costs are shared based upon a formula. One half of the formula is the relative assessed value of each city. The other half is the three year average of fire calls within each city. The City's share of the formula was 8.692% in 2018.
- 3. The city of Blaine issued \$8,050,000 G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2005A, on December 1, 2005 to construct a new fire station and training facility and acquire two additional fire trucks. The City of Spring Lake Park has recorded its share of the debt related to this bond issuance. These bonds were refunded in 2016 (see 4. below).
- 4. In 2013, the city of Blaine issued crossover refunding bonds to refund (in 2016) the 2005A G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds. The City of Spring Lake Park has recorded its share of the debt related to this bond issuance.
- 5. In 2017, the City of Spring Lake Park issued \$1,090,000 G.O. Equipment Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2017A, on March 21, 2017 to purchase a new fire truck and additional fire vehicles and equipment. The City of Spring Lake Park has recorded the full amount of debt and an intergovernmental receivable for the share of debt related to Blaine and Mounds View.
- 6. In 2018, the City of Blaine issued \$1,145,000 G.O. Equipment Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2018A, on June 28, 2018 to purchase new fire vehicles and equipment. The City of Spring Lake Park has recorded their principal share of debt and capitalized their share of fire vehicles and equipment.
- 7. Each city has a non-measurable equity interest in the property that is held by the fire department.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Related Organizations (Continued)

Spring Lake Park - Blaine - Mounds View Fire Department (Continued)

The City's share of operating costs were \$226,008, capital costs were \$34,986 and debt service costs were \$91,449 during 2018. The operating and capital costs were recorded as expenditures in the General Fund. The debt service costs were recorded as expenditures in the 2013A G.O. Capital Improvement Bond and 2017A G.O. Equipment Certificates debt service funds.

Because the City is not financially accountable for the Fire Department (the Fire Department is able to fund itself independently of the City) it is excluded from the reporting entity of the City.

A related entity, the Spring Lake Park Firemen's Relief Association (the Association), is a nonprofit organization organized to provide pension and other benefits to its members in accordance with Minnesota statutes. Because the City is not financially accountable for the Association (the Association is able to fund itself independently of the City) it is also excluded from the reporting entity of the City. The Fire Department and the Association issue financial reports which are available at City offices or at the Fire Department, 1710 Highway 10, Spring Lake Park, Minnesota, 55432.

#### North Metro Telecommunications Commission

In 2016, the City joined with the cities of Blaine, Centerville, Circle Pines, Ham Lake, Lexington and Lino Lakes to cooperatively purchase telecommunications equipment to provide cable communication services to their residents. The City of Spring Lake Park has recorded its share of the debt related to the 2016A G.O. Improvement Note issued by the city of Circle Pines. The 2016A North Metro Telecommunications debt service fund received \$13,203 in franchise fees that were used for debt service payments during the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### B. <u>Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Property taxes, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measureable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year in which the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it is recognized.

Unearned revenue is recorded when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants received before eligibility requirements other than time requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Grants received before time requirements are met are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *developer's escrow fund* is an accumulation of resources and costs associated with development throughout the City.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The *revolving fund* was created to finance improvement projects. The fund is financed with the remaining funds left in capital project funds once the project is considered completed and special assessments.

The *renewal and replacement fund* was created to finance capital improvement projects in the City. The fund is financed with the remaining funds left in the liquor fund upon closing of the fund.

The 2017A G.O. equipment certificates fund is an accumulation of resources and costs associated with the purchase of a fire truck and fire equipment for the fire department.

The 2014A G.O. improvement bonds fund is an accumulation of resources (special assessments and intergovernmental revenues) for the payments of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *utility fund* accounts for the operation of the City owned utility (water and sewer) system.

The *liquor fund* accounts for the retail operation of the City's off-sale municipal liquor store.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

#### 1. Cash and investments (including cash equivalents)

Cash balances from all City funds, except certain designated funds and the liquor fund (when the liquor fund was active), are pooled and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by Minnesota statutes. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of the average cash balance participation of each fund throughout the year.

Investments are stated at fair value, based upon quoted market prices at the reporting date. Cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the basic financial statements includes amounts in demand deposits as well as all investments held by the City.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal fund balances."

Advances between funds, if any, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)</u>

#### 2. Receivables and payables (continued)

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in December of each year and are certified to the County for collection in the following year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1, of the following year, and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Revenues from property taxes are accrued and recognized in the year collectible, net of delinquencies.

Real property taxes may be paid by taxpayers in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. Personal property taxes may be paid on February 28 and June 30. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing districts normally during the months of January, July and December.

Taxes which remain unpaid at December 31 are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. The net amount of delinquent taxes receivable are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds of the fund financial statements because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures.

Assessments are levied at various times upon City Council resolution for property owner improvements made by the City. Assessment collections are deferred, generally over ten year periods, with interest charges ranging from 3.5% to 5.5%. Revenue from these assessments is recognized when assessed in the government-wide financial statements and as the annual installments become collectible in the governmental funds of the fund financial statements. Annual installments not collected as of each December 31 are classified as delinquent assessments receivable. The net amount of delinquent assessments receivable are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds of the fund financial statements because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures.

#### 3. Inventories

Inventory held by proprietary funds is stated at a moving, weighted average cost or market on the first-in, first-out valuation method. The cost of inventory is recognized as an expense when items are sold or used (consumption method).

Inventories of expendable supplies held by governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures when purchased (purchase method) as the amounts are not material.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)</u>

#### 4. Tax increment district

Tax increment revenues received are recorded in the Debt Service Fund to service note principal and interest payments.

#### 5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed, net of interest earned on the invested debt proceeds over the same period.

Property, plant and equipment are capitalized when acquired, and depreciation is provided using the straight-line method applied over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

	Useful Life
	<u>in Years</u>
Land Improvements	10 - 20
Buildings and Improvements	15 - 40
Infrastructure	25 - 35
Distribution and Collection System	15 - 80
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3 - 10

The City reviews its property, plant and equipment for impairment whenever events indicate the decline in service utility of the capital asset is significant in magnitude and the event of change in circumstances is outside the normal cycle of the capital assets.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)</u>

#### 6. Compensated absences benefits

The City's policy is to permit employees to accumulate unused vacation and compensatory time benefits. City employees are entitled to vacation pay based upon length of employment. In addition, the City has established a severance pay policy for nonunion employees. This policy provides for severance payments upon termination of employment based on accumulated personal leave accrued, subject to certain conditions and specified maximums. Severance pay policy for union employees is governed by individual union contracts.

Vested benefits for City employees attributable to governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in these funds as benefits are paid to employees. The liability and corresponding expense is recorded in the government-wide financials statements as these benefits accrue. The liability and corresponding expense associated with proprietary funds is recorded in the applicable proprietary fund as benefits accrue.

#### 7. <u>Long-term obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statements of net position.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)</u>

#### 8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 9. Fund equity

In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual restraints.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts are restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)</u>

#### 9. Fund equity (continued)

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are committed by resolution, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority, for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the City Council through formal action and remain binding unless removed by the City Council by subsequent formal action (resolution).

<u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. The City Council, by majority vote, may assign fund balances to be used for specific purposes when appropriate. The Council has the power to assign fund balances or to designate an official who may assign fund balances. The City Administrator has been designated by the Council to assign fund balances.

<u>Unassigned</u> – includes positive fund balances within the General Fund which have not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The City considers restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts when expenditures are made.

#### E. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which expose the City to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash, investments and accounts and loans receivable. Credit risk associated with cash and investments is discussed in Note 3. The City's accounts and loans receivable are concentrated geographically, and for the most part, amounts are due from individuals residing in and businesses located in the City of Spring Lake Park.

### F. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates that affect amounts reported in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### G. Conduit Debt Obligations

The City issued lease revenue bonds during 2017 to provide funding to a private sector entity for a project deemed to be in the public interest. Although these bonds bear the name of the City, the City has no obligation for such debt. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the financial statements of the City. As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding principal amount of these bonds was \$31,006,245.

#### 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted by Council resolution for the General Fund. An annual budget is not adopted for the Developer's Escrow special revenue fund, which adopts a project length budget. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The City follows these legal compliance procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- Budget requests are submitted by all department heads to the City Administrator. The Administrator's office compiles the budget requests into an overall preliminary City budget, balancing budget requests with available revenue.
- 2. The preliminary budget is submitted to the City Council in August for its review and/or modification.
- City administration presents the proposed budget to the City Council which in turn holds a truth-in-taxation public hearing on the proposed budget. The budget resolution adopted by the City Council sets forth the budget at the department level for the General Fund.
- 4. All budgeted appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The legal level of control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each budget is at the department level. Administration cannot legally amend or transfer appropriations between departments without the approval of the City Council once the budget has been approved. Any over expenditures of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts must be approved by the City Council.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### A. <u>Budgetary Information (Continued)</u>

5. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. The budget cannot be amended without approval by the City Council.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the final budget (which were not the same for the year ended December 31, 2018).

The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

#### B. <u>Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the following General Fund departments had expenditures exceeding the latest amended budget:

	2018 Budgeted Expenditures		2018 Actual Expenditures		nt Exceeding eted Amount
General government	\$	792,551	\$ 805,252	\$	12,701
Public safety		2,145,087	2,193,688		48,601
Public works		234,780	238,167		3,387
Recreation and parks		619,652	647,311		27,659

The above listed over expenditures were approved by the City Council.

#### C. Fund Balance Deficits

As of December 31, 2018, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

Fund		Amount		
Major: Developer's Escrow special revenue	\$	7,695		
Nonmajor:		150		
Comprehensive Plan Update special revenue		150 25 007		
2013A G.O. Capital Improvement Fire Bond debt service Tax Increment Financing - Legends of SLP debt service		25,007 3,520		

The fund balance deficits will be eliminated by future revenue and financing sources.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

In accordance with applicable Minnesota statutes, the City maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the City Council. All such depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes certain state or local government obligations and legal investments described in the investment policy section. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City Treasurer or in a financial institution other than the institution furnishing the collateral.

The City's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or collateral at December 31, 2018.

#### **Investment Policy**

The City maintains a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices as a means of managing its exposure to credit risk. The City's investment policy does not address, however, limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The City is authorized by Minnesota Statutes to invest idle funds as follows:

- (a) Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- (b) Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are in securities described in (a) above.
- (c) General obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities.
- (d) Bankers acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- (e) Commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of the highest quality, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- (f) Repurchase agreements with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a reporting dealer to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- (g) Money market funds with institutions that have portfolios consisting exclusively of United States Treasury obligations and Federal Agency issues.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### A. <u>Deposits and Investments (Continued)</u>

(h) Guaranteed investment contracts (gic's) issued or guaranteed by United States commercial banks or domestic branches of foreign banks or United States insurance companies and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories.

#### Fair Value Measurements

Fair value measurements are determined utilizing the framework established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

**Level 1:** Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
- Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specific (contractual) term, Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability

**Level 3:** Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### A. <u>Deposits and Investments (Continued)</u>

#### Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The City's investments within the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Mea	Assets asured at Fair	Fair Value Hierarchy Level					
		Value	Level 1 Level 2		Level 3			
Certificates of Deposit	\$	8,712,849	\$8,712,849	\$	\$			
Municipal Bonds		275,465		275,465				
U.S. Government Securities		1,835,892		1,835,892				
Total	\$	10,824,206	\$8,712,849	\$ 2,111,357	\$			

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needs for operation.

The following is a summary of the City of Spring Lake Park's cash and investment portfolio including the range of maturities and investment ratings by type of investment:

Investment	Range of Maturities	Rating	Value
Cash	N/A	N/A	\$ 1,952,320
Certificates of Deposit	3/25	N/A	8,712,849
Municipal Bonds	2/21	AA1	275,465
U.S. Government Securities	9/26	AAA	1,835,892
Total cash and investme	nts		\$12,776,526

N/A Not applicable or not available

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### A. <u>Deposits and Investments (Continued)</u>

#### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The City's investments are rated by various credit rating agencies, where applicable, to indicate the associated credit risk. Investment ratings by investment type (as applicable) are included in the preceding summary of investments.

The City does not have a formal policy related to the credit risk of its investments, but continues to buy safe and liquid assets that are allowable under Minnesota Statutes.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The City diversifies its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of securities. The City's investment policies do not limit the concentration of investments. Investments in any one issuer that represented 5% or more of total investments as of December 31, 2018 were as follows:

lss	uer	Investment Type	Value
4M Fund		Money Market Accounts	\$1,822,321

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2018, all investments were insured or registered or the securities were held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

#### B. Due From Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units as of December 31, 2018 were as follows:

Fund Type	Anoka County		City of Blaine		City of Mounds View		
General Fund	\$	35,995	\$		\$	·	
Capital Projects		1,397					
Debt Service		7,006		89,316		19,204	
	\$	44,398	\$	89,316	\$	19,204	

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

### C. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Begi	nning Balance,					Ending
Governmental Activities		as restated	lr	ncreases	De	creases	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	604,950	\$		\$		\$ 604,950
Construction in progress		14,815		19,992		14,815	 19,992
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		619,765		19,992		14,815	624,942
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		3,249,957		74,491			3,324,448
Machinery and equipment		3,463,646		534,433			3,998,079
Infrastructure		19,554,446		27,762			19,582,208
Total capital assets, being depreciated		26,268,049		636,686			 26,904,735
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		1,979,616		95,407			2,075,023
Machinery and equipment		2,606,739		249,831			2,856,570
Infrastructure		10,751,248		511,338			 11,262,586
Total accumulated depreciation		15,337,603		856,576			 16,194,179
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		10,930,446		(219,890)			 10,710,556
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	11,550,211	\$	(199,898)	\$	14,815	\$ 11,335,498

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

### C. <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

	Beginning						Ending
Business-Type Activities	 Balance	lr	ncreases	Decreases		Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							_
Land	\$ 127,883	\$		\$	127,883	\$	
Construction in progress	 		274,113				274,113
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 127,883		274,113		127,883		274,113
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements	5,765				5,765		
Buildings and improvements	7,361,795				808,717		6,553,078
Machinery and equipment	1,105,028		60,740		388,571		777,197
Infrastructure	4,860,974						4,860,974
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 13,333,562		60,740				12,191,249
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements	5,765				5,765		
Buildings and improvements	4,488,732		237,183		658,117		4,067,798
Machinery and equipment	911,921		31,810		293,833		649,898
Infrastructure	 1,801,577		162,570				1,964,147
Total accumulated depreciation	 7,207,995		431,563		957,715		6,681,843
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 6,125,567		(370,823)		(957,715)		5,509,406
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,253,450	\$	(96,710)	\$	(829,832)	\$	5,783,519

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 105,676
Public safety	87,003
Public works	608,820
Recreation and parks	55,077
Total	\$ 856,576
Business-Type Activities	
Utility	\$ 428,149
Liquor	3,414
Total	\$ 431,563

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### D. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

The City issues general obligation bonds and equipment certificates to provide funds for economic development and for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets including infrastructure. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. Bonds issued to provide funds for business-type activities are reported in proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues.

General obligation bonds and certificates are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation improvement and refunding bonds are expected to be repaid, in part, from assessments to the benefited properties.

The City had also entered into a capital lease requiring quarterly payments of \$3,796 at an interest rate of 2.25%. The capital lease was paid in full during 2018 when the City sold its municipal liquor store property.

A summary of long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	lssue Date	Range of Interest Rates	Final Maturity	Balance 12/31/18
General obligation bonds:				
2013A Capital Improvement Bonds	5/30/2013	1.00% - 2.00%	2026	\$ 302,395
2013B Capital Improvement Bonds	12/18/2013	1.60% - 3.00%	2023	365,000
2014A Capital Improvement Bonds	6/18/2014	2.00% - 2.75%	2025	2,085,000
General obligation certificates:				
2017A Equipment Certificates	3/21/2017	3.00%	2023	1,090,000
2018A Equipment Certificates	1/4/2018	1.90% - 2.00%	2022	640,000
2018A Improvement Certificates	6/7/2018	3.00% - 5.00%	2024	89,813
General obligation note payable:				
Note Payable - Public Facilities Authority	7/8/2003	2.819%	2023	1,158,000
2016A Improvement Notes	4/14/2016	2.00%	2026	74,088
Other Liabilities:				
Net unamortized premium on bonds				15,481
Compensated Absences				467,627
Total Long-Term Debt				\$ 6,287,404

Liquidation of the compensated absences liability occurs within the department and fund for which the corresponding employees are assigned.

The City is subject to statutory limitation by the State of Minnesota for bonded indebtedness payable principally from property taxes. As of December 31, 2018, the City had not utilized \$13,243,000 of its net legal debt margin.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### D. <u>Long-Term Debt (Continued)</u>

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt obligations for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General obligation bonds:					
2013A Capital Improvement Bonds	\$ 342,813	\$	\$ 40,418	\$ 302,395	\$ 40,027
2013B Capital Improvement Bonds	430,000		65,000	365,000	70,000
2014A Capital Improvements Bonds	2,385,000		300,000	2,085,000	300,000
General obligation certificates:					
2017A Equipment Certificates	1,090,000			1,090,000	
2018A Equipment Certificates		790,000	150,000	640,000	155,000
2018A Improvement Certificates		89,813		89,813	
General obligation note payable:					
2016A Improvement Notes	85,579		11,491	74,088	11,232
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	358,355	266,133	202,902	421,586	238,704
Unamortized premium	53,759	3,257	6,845	50,171	
Less: unamortized (discount)	(28,406)	(11,850)	(5,566)	(34,690)	
Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	4,717,100	1,137,353	771,090	5,083,363	814,963
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
General obligation note payable:					
Note Payable - Public Facilities Authority	1,371,000		213,000	1,158,000	219,000
Other Liabilities:					
Obligation Under Capital Lease	51,171		51,171		
Compensated Absences	68,139	1,446	23,544	46,041	15,909
Business-Type Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	1,490,310	1,446	287,715	1,204,041	234,909
Total	\$ 6,207,410	\$ 1,138,799	\$1,058,805	\$ 6,287,404	\$ 1,049,872

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### D. <u>Long-Term Debt (Continued)</u>

Debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt, excluding compensated absences, as of December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Improvement a	Obligation and Refunding nds	General ( Equipment a Certifi	nd Refunding
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 410,458	\$ 60,868	\$ 360,000	\$ 44,115
2020	411,318	53,143	386,368	36,180
2021	412,179	44,576	397,207	25,751
2022	418,040	35,991	408,046	15,544
2023	424,331	26,889	248,886	4,725
2024-2025	676,069	27,298	19,306	735
Totals	\$2,752,395	\$ 248,763	\$1,819,813	\$ 127,050

	(	General Obligation Notes				
		Payable				
Year	F	Principal Intere				
2019	\$	230,794	\$	34,126		
2020		237,096		27,716		
2021		243,096		21,132		
2022		250,398		14,378		
2023		257,701		7,420		
2024-2025		13,003		260		
Totals	\$	1,232,088	\$	105,032		

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### E. <u>Tax Increment District</u>

The City of Spring Lake Park enters into property tax abatement agreements through the use of tax increment financing districts with local businesses under various Minnesota Statutes. Under these statutes, the City annually abates taxes collected above the districts' base tax capacity which is established during adoption of the tax increment district. These agreements are established to foster economic development and redevelopment through creating jobs, removing blight and providing affordable housing. The City uses Minnesota Statutes 469.001 to 469.047 and 469.174 to 469.179 (The Tax Increment Act) to create these districts.

The City of Spring Lake Park is the administering authority for the City of Spring Lake Park Tax Increment Financing District, No. 6-1. The district is housing development type and authorized under Minnesota law chapter 469.174 to 469.179 (The Tax Increment Act). District No. 6-1 was certified in 2017 and will continue until December 31, 2040.

Information regarding District No. 6-1 is as follows:

Original net tax capacity \$ 14,853

Current net tax capacity 14,427

Capture net tax capacity: Retained by authority

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### F. <u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

The following schedule reports the interfund receivables and payables within the City's funds as of December 31, 2018:

	Due From		Due To	
	Oth	ner Funds	Ot	her Funds
Major Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	329,766	\$	13,613
Revolving Fund		13,613		251,015
Subtotal		343,379		264,628
Non-Major Governmental Funds:				
Special Revenue				
Recycling		1,681		
Street Lights		567		
Cable				11,352
Debt Service				
2013A GO Capital Improvement Bonds				58,941
Tax Increment Financing - Legends of SLP				3,114
Capital Projects				
Park Equipment and Improvement				5,344
Subtotal		2,248		78,751
Total Governmental Funds		345,627		343,379
		•		,
Proprietary Funds:				
Utility		3,222		5,470
Subtotal		3,222		5,470
Total All Funds	\$	348,849	\$	348,849

Interfund receivables and payables are the result of expenditures of funds prior to the collection of special assessments, property taxes and other revenues. All interfund balances will be repaid as the revenues are collected by the individual funds or by transfers from other funds.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### G. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due; or 2) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The amount transferred from the liquor fund when that fund was closed will be used to finance future capital assets/improvements within the City.

Interfund transfers during the year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Transfers In		Trai	nsfers Out
Major Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	290,240	\$	391,673
Revolving Fund		69,313		
Renewal and Replacement		2,091,519		
Subtotal		2,451,072		391,673
Non-Major Governmental Funds:				_
Special Revenue				
Comprehensive Plan Update		10,000		
Emergency Management		3,157		
Police Reserves		2,500		
Forestry		1,600		
Animal Control		1,000		
Recreation Fund				60,000
Recycling Fund				4,000
Debt Service				
2013A GO Capital Improvement Fire Bonds		50,000		
2013B GO Capital Improvement Bonds		75,310		

(Continued)

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### G. <u>Interfund Transfers (Continued)</u>

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Capital Projects		
Storm Water	100,000	
Street Sealcoating	50,000	
Building Maintenance	9,394	
Public Safety Replacement	12,006	
2014-2015 Street Improvement Project		69,313
Subtotal	314,967	133,313
Total Governmental Funds	2,766,039	524,986
Proprietary Funds:		
Utility		98,896
Liquor		1,901,032
Total Proprietary Funds		1,999,928
Total All Funds	\$ 2,766,039	\$ 2,524,914

In the government-wide statement of activities, transfers in (out) are comprised of:

Governmental Funds:

Transfers in	\$ 2,766,039
Transfers out	(766,111)
Government-wide Statement of Activities - Transfers in (out)	\$ 1,999,928

During 2018, the liquor store ceased operations and the City closed the liquor fund. As a result, the City transferred the net pension liability associated with the liquor fund to the remaining funds in the governmental and utility funds at year end. The governmental fund had a net transfer out of \$241,125 that only affected government-wide financial statements.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### H. Fund Equity

In accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 54, below is a schedule of ending fund balances as of December 31, 2018:

	General Fund	Developer's Escrow	Revolving Fund	Renewal and Replacement	2017A G.O. Equipment Certificates	2014A G.O. Improvement Bonds	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable Prepaid items	\$ 2,997	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 12,307	\$ 15,304
Restricted Police activities Debt service Capital acquisitions Park acquisition Community development						848,652	4,329 237,598 32,974 681,642 79,479	4,329 1,086,250 32,974 681,642 79,479
Total Restricted						848,652	1,036,022	1,884,674
Assigned								
Working capital reserve	1,492,800							1,492,800
Compensated absences	421,586							421,586
Elections	69,881						050 000	69,881
Recreation programs							353,802 84.212	353,802
Recycling							36,436	84,212 36,436
Street lighting Cable activities							16,373	16,373
Public safety supplies					6,673		17,980	24,653
HRA reserve					0,070		198,711	198,711
Street improvement			1,015,905	2,091,519			150,711	3,107,424
Street sealcoating			1,010,000	2,001,010			53,216	53,216
Storm water runoff program							260,529	260,529
Capital replacement							927,109	927,109
Building maintenance							125,071	125,071
Park acquisition							33,518	33,518
Other activities							135,167	135,167
Total Assigned	1,984,267		1,015,905	2,091,519	6,673		2,242,124	7,340,488
Unassigned		(7,695)					(28,677)	(36,372)
Total Fund Balance	\$ 1,987,264	\$ (7,695)	\$ 1,015,905	\$ 2,091,519	\$ 6,673	\$ 848,652	\$ 3,261,776	\$ 9,204,094

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information

#### A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) to provide its general liability and property coverage. The LMCIT is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating Minnesota Cities. All Cities in the LMCIT are jointly and severally liable for all claims and expenses of the pool. The amount of any liability in excess of assets of the pool may be assessed to the participating cities if a deficiency occurs. The City purchases commercial insurance for property values in excess of the LMCIT policy limits and all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded the LMCIT or commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Worker's compensation insurance is also purchased through the LMCIT. The worker compensation program is a retrospectively rated contract with premiums or required contributions based primarily on the experience rates of the participating cities. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

#### B. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Insurance:

The City has outstanding claims subject to its insurance deductible. Although the outcome of these actions is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### General Litigation:

Management is not aware of any existing or pending lawsuits, claims or other actions in which the City is a defendant. It is the opinion of management that any such claims would be covered by the liability insurance of the City and that potential claims against the City would not materially affect the financial statements.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### C. Pension Plans

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Benefit

#### A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- General Employees Retirement Plan All full-time and certain part-time employees
  of the City of Spring Lake Park are covered by the General Employees Plan.
  General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated
  Plan members are covered by Social Security.
- 2. Public Employees Police and Fire Plan The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

#### B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature. Vested terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
  - B. Benefits Provided (continued)
  - 1. General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent for each of the first ten years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. The rates are 2.2 percent and 2.7 percent, respectively, for Basic members. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for all years of service, and 2.7 percent for Basic members. The accrual rates for former MERF members is 2.0 percent for each of the first ten years of service and 2.5 percent for each additional year. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Beginning January 1, 2019, benefit recipients will receive a future annual increase equal to 50 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.0 percent and not more than 1.5 percent. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches Normal Retirement Age (not applicable to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors). A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
  - B. Benefits Provided (continued)
  - 2. Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Beginning in 2019, the COLA will be fixed at 1 percent. Under funding measurements from 2017, the 2.5 percent COLA trigger was never expected to occur and was subsequently removed from law. Post retirement increases are given each year except for annuitants who have been receiving a benefit for only 31 to 41 months. These annuitants will receive a prorated amount of the increase on a sliding scale.

#### C. Contributions

*Minnesota Statutes* Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

#### 1. General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2018; the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$110,008. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
  - C. Contributions (continued)
  - 2. Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Legislation increased both employee and employer contribution rates in the Police and Fire Plan. Employee rates increased from 10.80 percent of pay to 11.30 percent and employer rates increase from 16.20 percent to 16.95 percent on January 1, 2018. On January 1, 2020 employee rates increase to 11.80 percent and employer rates increase to 17.70 percent. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$161,819. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

- D. Pension Costs
- 1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$1,264,851 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the fund in 2018. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$41,581. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion share was .0228 which was a decrease of .0006 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.0% per year with a provision to increase to 2.5% upon attainment of a 90% funding ratio to 50% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.0% and not more than 1.5%, beginning January 1, 2019.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
  - D. Pensions Costs (continued)
  - 1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense (benefit) of (\$29,702) for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$9,697 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2018, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$		\$	4,351	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions				18,025	
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings				125,342	
Changes in proportion				59,391	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to					
the measurement date		52,552			
Total	\$	52,552	\$	207,109	
		<u> </u>			

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
  - D. Pensions Costs (continued)
  - 1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs (continued)

\$52,552 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension		
Year ending June 30:	E	xpense	
2019	\$	20,519	
2020		(87,396)	
2021		(113,834)	
2022		(26,398)	

#### 2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$985,955 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was .0925 percent which was an increase of .0005 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017. The City also recognized \$8,325 for the year ended December 31, 2018 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund. Legislation passed in 2013 required the State of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund each year, starting in fiscal year 2014.

Beginning in January 1, 2019, the COLA will be fixed at 1 percent. Under funding measurements from 2017, the 2.5 percent COLA trigger was never expected to occur and was subsequently removed from law.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
  - D. Pensions Costs (continued)
  - 2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense (benefit) of (\$78,936) for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

At December 31, 2018, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of	Deferred Inflows of		
	Re	sources	Re	esources	
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$		\$	211,417	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions				171,618	
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings				195,052	
Changes in proportion				130,193	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to					
the measurement date		83,434			
Tatal	ф	00.404	Φ.	700 000	
Total	_\$	83,434		708,280	

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

- 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Defined Benefit (Continued)
  - D. Pensions Costs (continued)
  - 2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (continued)

\$83,434 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Typenee

	⊨xpense				
Year ending June 30:	Amount				
2019	\$ (43,761)				
2020	(91,273)				
2021	(152,846)				
2022	(418,272)				
2023	(2,128)				

The total pension expense (benefit) for all plans (General Employees Fund and Police and Fire Fund) recognized by the City for the year ended December 31, 2018 was (\$108,638).

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actual assumptions:

	General Employees Plan	Police & Fire Plan
Inflation	2.50% per year	2.50% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.25% after 26 years of service	3.25% after 25 years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.50%

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Benefit (Continued)

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit cost-sharing plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation is assumed to be 2.50 percent for the General Employees and Police and Fire Plans. Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan decrease in annual increments from 11.25 percent after one year of service, to 3.25 percent after 26 years of service. In the Police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions decrease from 12.25 percent after one year of service to 3.25 percent after 25 years of service.

Mortality rates for all plans are based on RP-2014 mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience. Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four to six years. The most recent six-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2015. The most recent four-year experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2016. Economic assumptions were updated in 2014 based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2018:

#### General Employees Fund

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

#### Police and Fire Fund

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

#### 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Benefit (Continued)

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	36%	5.10%
International Stocks	17%	5.30%
Bonds (Fixed Income)	20%	0.75%
Alternative Assets (Private Markets)	25%	5.90%
Cash	2%	0.00%
Total	100%	

#### F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2018 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund and the Police and Fire Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

#### 1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Benefit (Continued)

#### G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability at Current Single Discount Rate										
	General E	Employ	ees Fund	Police a	Police and Fire Fund						
1% Lower	6.50%	\$	2,055,544	6.50%	\$	2,113,949					
Current Discount Rate	7.50%	\$	1,264,851	7.50%	\$	985,955					
1% Higher	8.50%	\$	612,156	8.50%	\$	53,151					

#### H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="https://www.mnpera.org">www.mnpera.org</a>.

#### 2. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Contribution

Four council members of the City are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The Defined Contribution Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of council members are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### D. Pension Plans (Continued)

#### 2. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) - Defined Contribution

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353D.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes five percent of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives two percent of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of one percent (.25 percent) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Total contributions made by the City of Spring Lake Park during fiscal year 2018 were:

	Contribution	on Amo	ount	Percentage of 0	Required		
Employee Employer		Employee	Employer	Rate			
\$	1,267	\$	1,267	5%	5%	5%	

#### E. Other Postemployment Benefits

The City has considered the accounting pronouncement, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. Management determined the OPEB liability at December 31, 2018 is not material and therefore is not recorded in these financial statements.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. Other Information (Continued)

#### F. <u>Joint Powers Agreements</u>

As previously noted, the City of Spring Lake Park participates with the cities of Blaine and Mounds View through a joint powers agreement to cooperatively support the Spring Lake Park Fire Department, Inc. (the Department). The Department is independent of the cities and operates as a separate entity. Under terms of the agreement, the equipment, property and other assets of the Department are owned jointly by the three cities. Each city enters into a contract for services with the Department for fire protection services. Cost of services for each City is determined based on a formula prescribed in the agreement. Based on the agreement, in the event the Department sustains operating deficits, the cities will contribute additional funds to the Department in proportion to the formula described above. Operating budgets of the Department are approved annually by the cities.

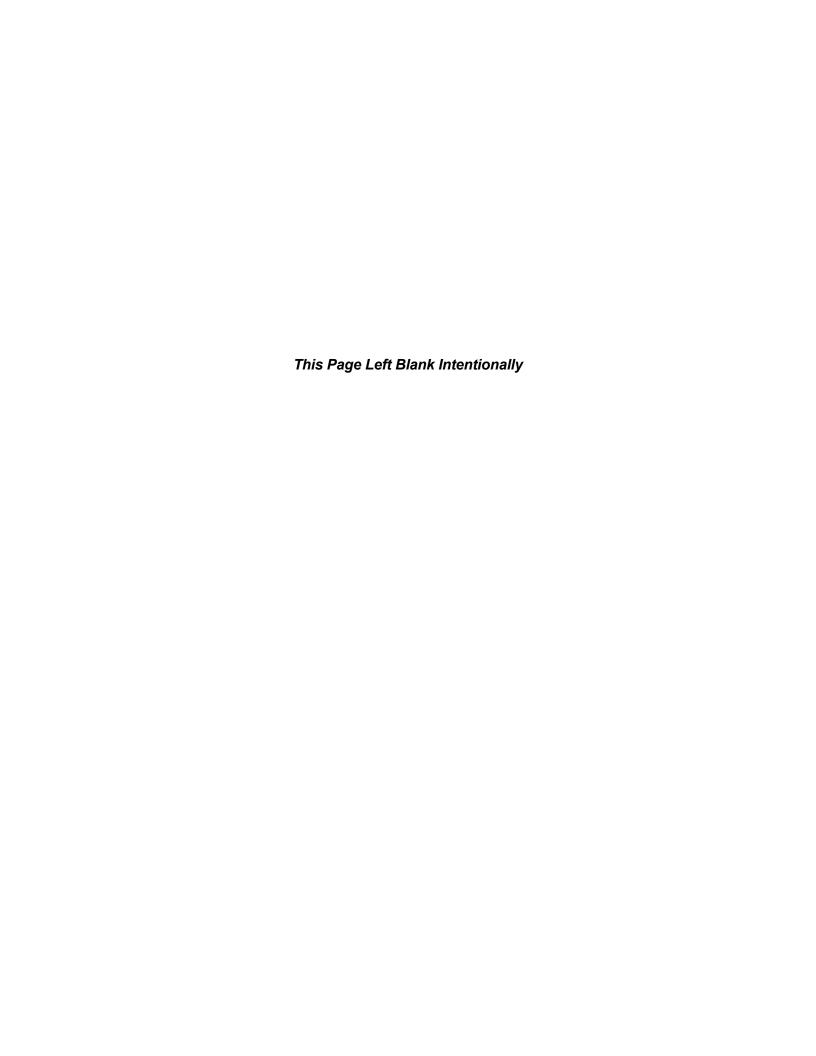
Payments to the Department by the City of Spring Lake Park in 2018 totaled \$260,994, including a provision for capital expenditures. This total was approximately 8% of contracted revenues from member cities reported by the Department. As described in Note 1, the City is also responsible for its share of debt service payments related to bonds issued on behalf of the Department for building improvements and equipment acquisitions.

In addition, the City is a member of the Anoka County Joint Law Enforcement Council (JLEC), an organization of Anoka County and certain cities located within the County formed to cooperate in their law enforcement efforts. The City participates with the JLEC on a cost-sharing basis with the development and maintenance of an integrated central records communication system. Costs related to the City's participation in the JLEC were \$11,806 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

In 1983, the City adopted an ordinance establishing a franchise for a cable communications system. The City and neighboring municipalities formed the North Metro Telecommunications Commission (the "Commission"). The purpose of this organization is to monitor the operations and activities of cable communications of the member municipalities. The Commission also provides coordination, administration and enforcement of the franchises for the cable communication system.

The City receives a portion of the franchise fees, which are reported in the North Central Suburban Cable Fund. These revenues are committed for cable television related expenditures. Financial statements for the Commission can be obtained by writing to: North Metro Telecommunications Commission, 12520 Polk Street NE, Blaine, Minnesota 55434.

# CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2018



#### CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK, MINNESOTA Schedule of City Contributions PERA General Employees Retirement Fund December 31, 2018

Contributions									
	in Relation to								
	5	Statutorily		Statutorily	Contribution			Percentage of	
	F	Required		Required	Deficiency		Covered	Covered Payroll	
Year Ended December 31	Con	tribution (a)	Со	ntribution (b)	(Excess) (a-b)		Payroll (d)	(b/d)	
2014	\$	106,316	\$	106,316	\$	\$	1,468,400	7.2%	
2015		109,297		109,297			1,442,177	7.6%	
2016		112,202		112,202			1,496,472	7.5%	
2017		114,728		114,728			1,529,713	7.5%	
2018		110,008		110,008			1,466,764	7.5%	
2019									
2020									
2021									
2022									
2023									

### Schedule of City Contributions PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Pension Plan December 31, 2018

	Contributions							
	in Relation to							
	S	Statutorily	5	Statutorily	Contribution			Percentage of
	F	Required		Required	Deficiency		Covered	Covered Payroll
Year Ended December 31	Con	tribution (a)	Cor	ntribution (b)	(Excess) (a-b)		Payroll (d)	(b/d)
2014	\$	135,648	\$	135,648	\$	\$	886,585	15.3%
2015		147,786		147,786			912,261	16.2%
2016		151,121		151,121			932,841	16.2%
2017		153,641		153,641			948,402	16.2%
2018		161,819		161,819			998,882	16.2%
2019								
2020								
2021								
2022								
2023								

#### CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK, MINNESOTA Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability PERA General Employees Retirement Fund December 31, 2018

City's Proportionate

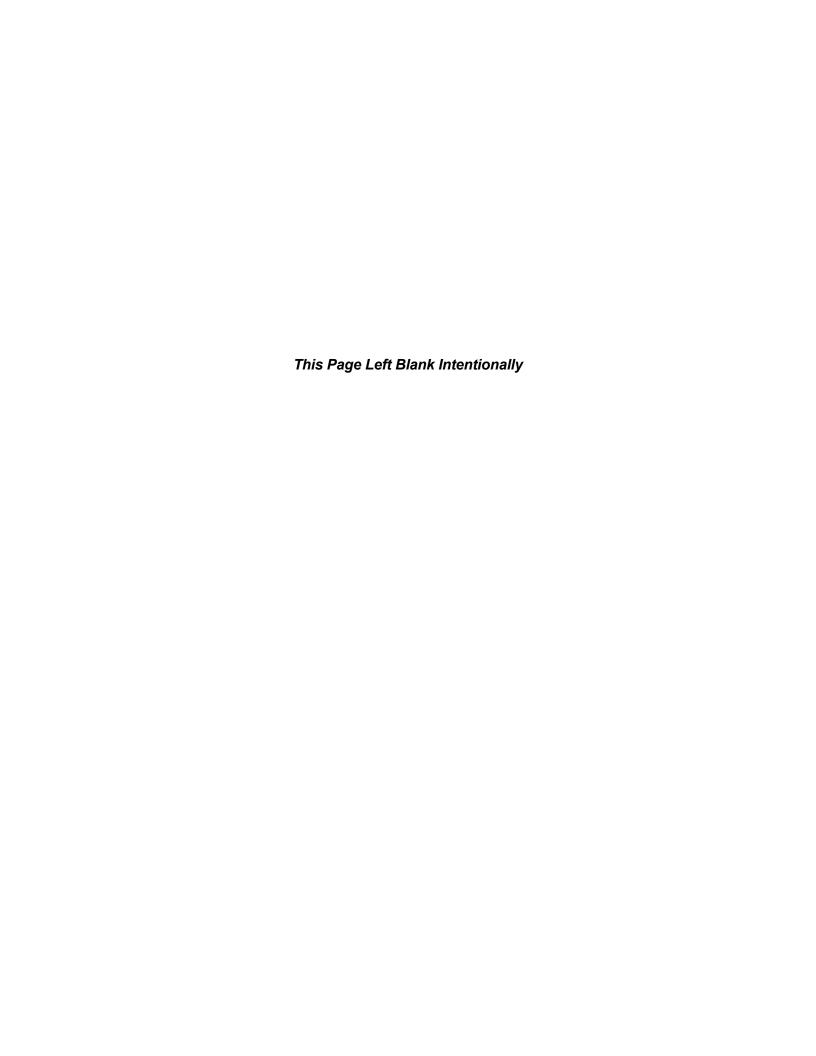
	Share (Amount) of										
				the Net Pension							
				Liability (Asset)				City's			
			State's	and the State's				Proportionate			
		City's	Proportionate	Proportionate				Share (Amount) of			
	City's	Proportionate	Share (Amount) of	Shar	re (Amount) of			the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary		
	Proportionate	Share (Amount) of	the Net Pension	the	Net Pension			Liability (Asset)	Net Position as a		
	(Percentage) of	the Net Pension	Liability (Asset)	Lial	bility (Asset)			as a Percentage	Percentage of the		
Fiscal Year	Net Pension	Liability (Asset)	Associated with	Ass	Associated with		City's Covered	of its Covered	Total Pension		
Ended June 30	Liability (Asset)	(a)	the City (b)	the	the City (a+b)		the City (a+b) Payroll (c)		Payroll (c)	Payroll ((a+b)/c)	Liability
2014	0.0275%	\$ 1,291,812		\$	1,291,812	\$	1,468,400	88.0%	78.7%		
2015	0.0247%	1,280,082			1,280,082		1,442,177	88.8%	78.2%		
2016	0.0239%	1,940,561	25,332		1,965,893		1,496,472	131.4%	68.9%		
2017	0.0234%	1,493,841	18,793		1,512,634		1,529,713	98.9%	75.9%		
2018	0.0228%	1,264,851	41,581		1,306,432		1,534,400	85.1%	79.5%		
2019											
2020											
2021											
2022											
2023											

#### Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Pension Plan December 31, 2018

			Proportionate										
				Share (Amount) of									
		Proportionate		the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary								
	Proportionate	Share (Amount) of		Liability (Asset)	Net Position as a								
	(Percentage) of	the Net Pension		as a Percentage	Percentage of the								
Fiscal Year	Net Pension	Liability (Asset)	City's Covered	of its Covered	Total Pension								
Ended June 30	Liability (Asset)	(a)	Payroll (b)	Payroll (a/b)	Liability								
2014	0.1040%	\$ 1,123,243	\$ 886,585	126.7%	87.1%								
2015	0.0960%	1,090,785	912,261	119.6%	86.6%								
2016	0.0960%	3,852,647	932,841	413.0%	63.9%								
2017	0.0920%	1,242,109	948,402	131.0%	85.4%								
2018	0.0925%	985,955	975,104	101.1%	88.8%								
2019													
2020													
2021													
2022													
2023													

### COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

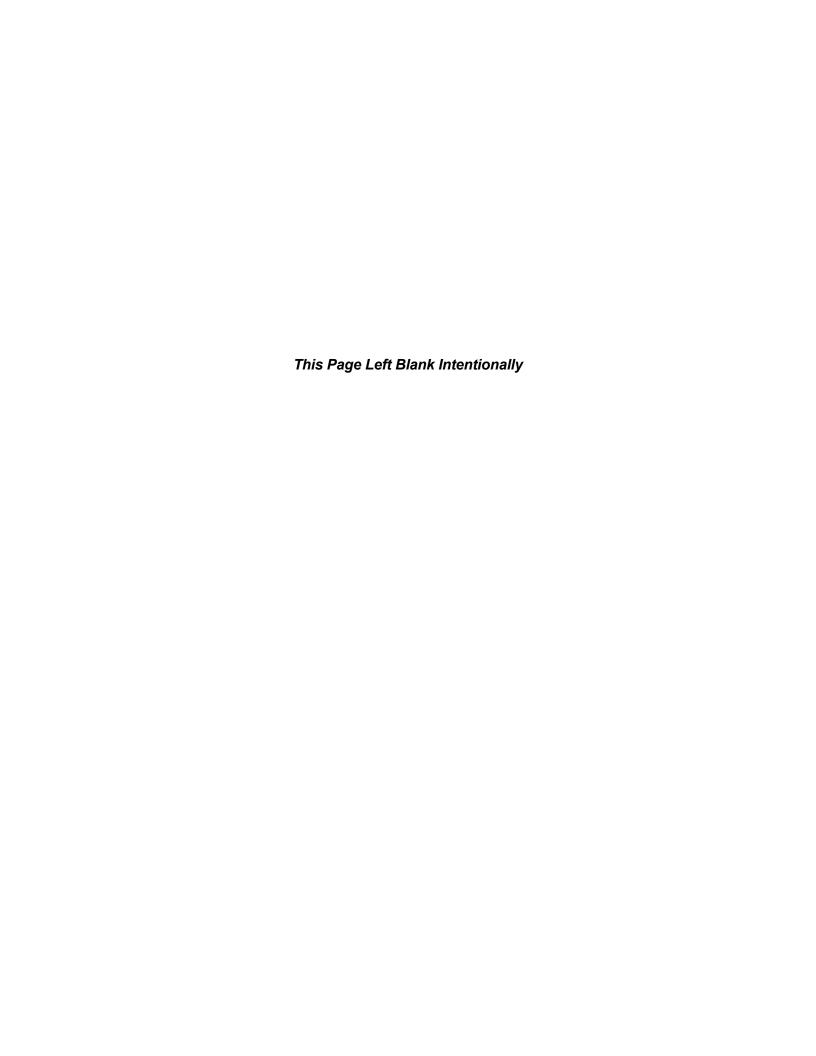
**December 31, 2018** 



#### CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2018

	;	Special			Capital			
	F	Revenue	Debt Service		Projects			Total
ASSETS								_
Cash and investments	\$	828,194	\$	174,308	\$	2,250,091	\$	3,252,593
Accounts receivable		79,039				20,470		99,509
Special assessments receivable								
Due from other funds		2,248						2,248
Due from other governmental units				110,427				110,427
Prepaid expenditures		12,307						12,307
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	921,788	\$	284,735	\$	2,270,561	\$	3,477,084
					Ė		_	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	44,650	\$	13,609	\$	28,353	\$	86,612
Deposits payable		5,600						5,600
Due to other funds		11,352		62,055		5,344		78,751
Unearned revenue		44,345						44,345
Total liabilities		105,947		75,664		33,697		215,308
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)								
Nonspendable		12,307						12,307
Restricted		83,808		237,598		714,616		1,036,022
Assigned		719,876				1,522,248		2,242,124
Unassigned		(150)		(28,527)				(28,677)
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		815,841		209,071		2,236,864		3,261,776
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	921,788	\$	284,735	\$	2,270,561	\$	3,477,084



# CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Special evenue	Del	bt Service		apital ojects	Total
REVENUES						_
Property and franchise taxes	\$ 22,126	\$	174,467	\$		\$ 196,593
Special assessments						
Intergovernmental revenues	48,477				68,140	116,617
Charges for services	549,616		13,203		148,909	711,728
Fines and forfeitures	2,833		000		04.000	2,833
Investment income	5,315		860		21,068	27,243
Other revenues	 91,688		221,493		12,677	 325,858
TOTAL REVENUES	 720,055		410,023		250,794	 1,380,872
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	62,208					62,208
Public safety	3,628					3,628
Public works	37,011				280,296	317,307
Recreation and parks	290,071		0.40=		7,399	297,470
Development and other	193,599		2,495			196,094
Capital Outlay	00.450				44 755	04.040
General government	82,458				11,755	94,213
Public safety Public works	944				175,508	176,452
Recreation and parks					320,926 47,477	320,926 47,477
Debt Service					41,411	41,411
Principal			266,909			266,909
Interest and other			78,206			78,206
Bond issuance costs			7 0,200		6,750	6,750
			,			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	669,919		347,610		850,111	 1,867,640
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	50,136		62,413	(	(599,317)	(486,768)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds	18,257		125,310		171,400	314,967
Transfers to other funds	(64,000)				(69,313)	(133,313)
(Discount) on issuance of debt					(8,593)	(8,593)
Bond proceeds					879,813	879,813
Gain on sale of assets	 				21,585	 21,585
Total other financing sources (uses)	(45,743)		125,310		994,892	1,074,459
Net change in fund balances	4,393		187,723		395,575	587,691
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Beginning	811,448		21,348	1.	,841,289	2,674,085
	, , , , , , ,		,		, ,	 , - ,
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Ending	\$ 815,841	\$	209,071	\$ 2	,236,864	\$ 3,261,776

#### CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

December 31, 2018

	Re	ecycling	Street ighting	Cable		
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenditures	\$	43,250 48,053	\$	29,844 8,854	\$	5,599 22,126
Due from other funds		1,681		567		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	92,984	\$	39,265	\$	27,725
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES  Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	8,772	\$	2,829	\$	11,352
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)  Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		84,212 84,212		2,829 36,436 36,436		16,373 16,373
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	92,984	\$	39,265	\$	27,725

Police		Dalias Dasamus		LID	A December	Descrition		
Forfeiture		Police Reserves		HK	A Reserve	Recreation		
\$	17,980	\$	4,329	\$	204,311	\$	429,055 6 12,307	
\$	17,980	\$	4,329	\$	204,311	\$	441,368	
\$		\$		\$	5,600	\$	30,914	
							44,345	
					5,600		75,259	
			4,329				12,307	
	17,980				198,711		353,802	
	17,980		4,329		198,711		366,109	
\$	17,980	\$	4,329	\$	204,311	\$	441,368	

## CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

December 31, 2018

	Tower Days		Traffic Education		Emergency Management	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenditures Due from other funds	\$	14,147	\$	65,332	\$	7,369
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	14,147	\$	65,332	\$	7,369
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES	\$		\$		\$	8
Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	Φ		Φ		Φ	0
Total liabilities						8
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)						
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		14,147		65,332		7,361
Unassigned Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		14,147		65,332		7,361
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	14,147	\$	65,332	\$	7,369

Animal		Comprehensive						
Control		Plan Update		F	orestry	Total		
\$	3,047	\$	1,977	\$	1,954	\$	828,194 79,039 12,307 2,248	
\$	3,047	\$	1,977	\$	1,954	\$	921,788	
\$		\$	2,127	\$		\$	44,650	
							5,600	
							11,352	
							44,345	
			2,127				105,947	
							12,307	
							83,808	
	3,047				1,954		719,876	
			(150)				(150)	
	3,047		(150)		1,954		815,841	
\$	3,047	\$	1,977	\$	1,954	\$	921,788	

# CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Recycling	Street Lighting	Cable
REVENUES Franchise taxes Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	\$ 48,477 133,742	\$ 38,366	\$ 22,126
Investment income Other revenues	263	189	19
TOTAL REVENUES	182,482	38,555	22,145
EXPENDITURES  Current  General government Public safety Public works Development and other Recreation and parks  Capital Outlay General government Public safety	176,241	37,011	15,239
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	176,241	37,011	15,239
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	6,241	1,544	6,906
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	(4,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,000)		
Net change in fund balances	2,241	1,544	6,906
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	81,971	34,892	9,467
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Ending	\$ 84,212	\$ 36,436	\$ 16,373

Police Forfeiture	Police Reserves	HRA Reserve	Recreation
\$	\$	\$	\$
0.000			376,458
2,833 120	23	1,520 71,854	2,604
2,953	23	73,374	379,062
1,342	772	32,447	
			290,071
944		82,458	
2,286	772	114,905	290,071
667_	(749)	(41,531)	88,991
	2,500		(60,000)
	2,500		(60,000)
667	1,751	(41,531)	28,991
17,313	2,578	240,242	337,118
\$ 17,980	\$ 4,329	\$ 198,711	\$ 366,109

## CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

REVENUES	Tower Days	Traffic Education	Emergency Management		
Franchise taxes	\$	\$	\$		
Intergovernmental revenue					
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		1,050			
Investment income	87	442	33		
Other revenues	19,834				
TOTAL REVENUES	19,921	1,492	33		
EXPENDITURES					
Current General government Public safety		1,050	1,514		
Public works			1,014		
Development and other	17,358				
Recreation and parks  Capital Outlay					
General government					
Public safety					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	17,358	1,050	1,514		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	2,563	442	(1,481)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds			3,157		
Total other financing sources (uses)			3,157		
Net change in fund balances	2,563	442	1,676		
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	11,584	64,890	5,685		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Ending	\$ 14,147	\$ 65,332	\$ 7,361		

Animal Control	Comprehensive Plan Update	Forestry	Total
\$	\$	\$	\$ 22,126 48,477
			549,616 2,833
13		2	5,315
			91,688
13		2	720,055
	13,472		62,208
	•		3,628
			37,011
			193,599
			290,071
			82,458
			944
	13,472		669,919
13	(13,472)	2	50,136
1 000	10.000	1 600	10 257
1,000	10,000	1,600	18,257 (64,000)
			(01,000)
1,000	10,000	1,600	(45,743)
1,013	(3,472)	1,602	4,393
2,034	3,322	352	811,448
\$ 3,047	\$ (150)	\$ 1,954	\$ 815,841

### CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2018

	Eq	2013 uipment rtificates	( lmp	13A G.O. Capital rovement re Bond	2016A North Metro Tele- communication	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	27,853	\$	33,934	\$	13,248
Due from other governmental units		252				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	28,105	\$	33,934	\$	13,248
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	13,203
Due to other funds				58,941		
Total liabilities				58,941		13,203
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)						
Restricted		28,105				45
Unassigned				(25,007)	-	
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		28,105		(25,007)		45
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	28,105	\$	33,934	\$	13,248

		Tax						
2013B G.O.	Inc	rement						
Capital	Fin	ancing -	20	17A G.O.	201	8A G.O.		
Improvement		gends of		Equipment		uipment		
Bonds	-	SLP		ertificates	Certificates			Total
		<u> </u>		Zi tilloates		uncates		TOLAI
•	•		•	00 504	•	0.700	•	474.000
\$	\$		\$	92,564	\$	6,709	\$	174,308
				108,520		1,655		110,427
\$	\$		\$	201,084	\$	8,364	\$	284,735
	-				-			
\$	\$	406	\$		\$		\$	13,609
Ψ	Ψ	3,114	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	62,055
					-			
	-	3,520						75,664
				201,084		8,364		237,598
		(3,520)						(28,527)
	_	(3,520)		201,084		8,364		209,071
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		·		-		·
\$	\$		\$	201,084	\$	8,364	\$	284,735
\$	\$	(3,520) (3,520)	\$	201,084	\$	8,364	\$	(28,527 209,071

### CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	Equ	2013 uipment tificates	2013A G.O. Capital Improvement Fire Bond		2016A North Metro Tele- communications	
REVENUES			•		•	
Taxes Charges for services	\$	975	\$		\$	13,203
Investment earnings		176		219		45
Other revenue		•				
TOTAL REVENUES		1,151		219		13,248
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Development and other						
Debt Service						
Principal				40,418		11,491
Interest and other charges				6,523		1,712
TOTAL EXPENDITURES				46,941		13,203
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,151		(46,722)		45
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds				50,000		
Transiers from other funds				30,000	-	
Net change in fund balances		1,151		3,278		45
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Beginning		26,954		(28,285)		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Ending	\$	28,105	\$	(25,007)	\$	45

2013B G.O. Capital Improvement	Fin	ncrement ancing - gends of	Ed	2017A G.O. Equipment		2018A G.O. Equipment			
Bonds		SLP	Certificates		Ce	ertificates	Total		
\$	\$		\$		\$	173,492	\$	174,467 13,203	
				395 221,493		25		860 221,493	
				221,888		173,517		410,023	
		2,495						2,495	
65,000				44.500		150,000		266,909	
10,310				44,508		15,153		78,206	
75,310		2,495		44,508		165,153		347,610	
(75,310)		(2,495)		177,380		8,364		62,413	
75,310								125,310	
		(2,495)		177,380		8,364		187,723	
		(1,025)		23,704				21,348	
\$	\$	(3,520)	\$	201,084	\$	8,364	\$	209,071	

### CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

December 31, 2018

	State Aid Street Fund		Street Sealcoating		Storm Water	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	121,503	\$	35,542 20,470	\$	270,855
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	121,503	\$	56,012	\$	270,855
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable  Due to other funds	\$	596	\$	2,796	\$	10,326
Total liabilities		596		2,796		10,326
FUND BALANCE Restricted						
Assigned Total Fund Balance		120,907 120,907		53,216 53,216		260,529 260,529
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	121,503	\$	56,012	\$	270,855

Capital Equipment Replacement Certificates		Righ	nt of Way	Building intenance	Public Safety Replacement		
\$ 402,839	\$	32,974	\$	1,898	\$ 125,071	\$	20,666
\$ 402,839	\$	32,974	\$	1,898	\$ 125,071	\$	20,666
\$	\$		\$		\$	\$	
		32,974					
402,839				1,898	125,071		20,666
402,839		32,974		1,898	125,071		20,666
\$ 402,839	\$	32,974	\$	1,898	\$ 125,071	\$	20,666

### CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

December 31, 2018

	Park						
			A	cquisition	Lakeside		
	Par	k Special		and	Lions Park		
	Р	rojects	lmp	provement	lmp	rovement	
ASSETS		•					
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	21,565	\$	637,842	\$	22,420	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	21,565	\$	637,842	\$	22,420	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	185	\$		\$		
Due to other funds							
Total liabilities		185					
FUND BALANCE							
Restricted		21,380		637,842		22,420	
Assigned							
Total Fund Balance		21,380		637,842		22,420	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	21,565	\$	637,842	\$	22,420	
I O I AL LIADILII IES AND FUND BALANCE	Ψ	21,000	Ψ	031,042	Ψ	ZZ,4ZU	

	Park 2014-2015 Equipment Street 2018A G.O.		18A G O	2018A Blaine				
Small		and	Improvement		quipment	Fire		
uipment	lmp	rovement	Project		ertificates	Certificates		Total
\$ 10,034	\$	28,828	\$	\$	518,054	\$	\$	2,250,091 20,470
\$ 10,034	\$	28,828	\$	\$	518,054	\$	\$	2,270,561
\$	\$	= 0.44	\$	\$	14,450	\$	\$	28,353
 		5,344			14 450			5,344
		5,344			14,450			33,697
								714,616
 10,034		23,484			503,604			1,522,248
 10,034		23,484	-		503,604			2,236,864
\$ 10,034	\$	28,828	\$	\$	518,054	\$	\$	2,270,561

## CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

	state Aid reet Fund	Street alcoating	Storm Water		
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 68,140	\$	\$		
Charges for services Investment earnings Other revenues	683	79,336		1,602	
TOTAL REVENUES	 68,823	 79,336		1,602	
EXPENDITURES  Current  Public Works  Recreation and Parks  Capital Outlay  Public Safety  Public works  Recreation and Parks	27,789	126,712		122,845	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,789	126,712		122,845	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	41,034	 (47,376)		(121,243)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Bond proceeds (Discount) on issuance of debt Gain on sale of assets		50,000		100,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		50,000		100,000	
Net change in fund balances	41,034	2,624		(21,243)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Beginning	79,873	 50,592		281,772	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Ending	\$ 120,907	\$ 53,216	\$	260,529	

Capital Replacement		2013 Equipment Certificates		Righ	t of Way	Building intenance	Public Safety Replacement	
\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	
2,	686		232		13	 842		58
2,	686		232		13	 842		58_
2,	950							
7,	749		508			8,429		
10,	699		508			8,429		
(8,	013)		(276)		13	 (7,587)		58
						9,394		12,006
21,	<u>585</u>					 		
21,	585					9,394		12,006
13,	572		(276)		13	1,807		12,064
389,	267		33,250		1,885	 123,264		8,602
\$ 402,	839	\$	32,974	\$	1,898	\$ 125,071	\$	20,666

## CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

REVENUES		k Special rojects		Park equisition and provement	Lakeside Lions Park Improvement		
Intergovernmental revenues	\$		\$		\$		
Charges for services	Ψ	3,075	Ψ	66,348	Ψ		
Investment earnings		141		4,196		151	
Other revenues		3,060		1,116			
TOTAL REVENUES		6,276		71,660		151	
EXPENDITURES Current							
Public Works							
Recreation and Parks		5,156					
Capital Outlay							
General Government							
Public Safety							
Public works							
Recreation and Parks				33,304			
Debt Service							
Bond issuance costs							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,156		33,304			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		1,120		38,356		151	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Bond proceeds (Discount) on issuance of debt Gain on sale of assets							
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Net change in fund balances		1,120		38,356		151	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Beginning		20,260		599,486		22,269	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), Ending	\$	21,380	\$	637,842	\$	22,420	

Small Equipment		Park Equipment and Improvement		2014-2015 Street Improvement Project		2018A G.O. Equipment Certificates		2018A Blaine Fire Certificates		Total	
\$	150 96 5,036	\$	190 3,465	\$	499	\$	9,679	\$		\$	68,140 148,909 21,068 12,677
	5,282		3,655		499		9,679				250,794
			2,243								280,296 7,399
	13,330				5,914		11,755 85,695 298,326 843		89,813		11,755 175,508 320,926 47,477
							6,750				6,750
	13,330		2,243		5,914		403,369		89,813		850,111
	(8,048)		1,412		(5,415)		(393,690)		(89,813)		(599,317)
					(69,313)		790,000 (8,593)		89,813		171,400 (69,313) 879,813 (8,593) 21,585
					(69,313)		781,407		89,813		994,892
	(8,048)		1,412		(74,728)		387,717				395,575
	18,082		22,072		74,728		115,887				1,841,289
\$	10,034	\$	23,484	\$		\$	503,604	\$		\$	2,236,864



# OTHER REPORT SECTION December 31, 2018





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Spring Lake Park, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the City of Spring Lake Park (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Spring Lake Park's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 18, 2019.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Spring Lake Park's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be material weaknesses: 2018-01 and 2018-02.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Spring Lake Park

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

### City's Response to Findings

The City of Spring Lake Park's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses*. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Smith, Schaffer and associates, Lid.

July 18, 2019



### CITY OF SPRING LAKE PARK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

### **Audit Finding 2018-01 - Segregation of Duties**

**Criteria or Specific Requirement:** Internal control that supports the City's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements requires adequate controls over the access of such financial data.

**Condition:** The City does not have adequate segregation of accounting duties.

**Context:** This finding impacts the internal control for all significant accounting functions.

**Effect:** The lack of adequate segregation of accounting duties could adversely affect the City's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

**Recommendation:** Continue to review the accounting system, including changes that may occur. Implement segregation whenever practical.

**Management's Response:** Management agrees with our recommendation and will continue to attempt to segregate duties wherever possible.

### <u>Auditing Finding 2018-02 - Material Audit Adjustments</u>

**Criteria or Specific Requirement:** The City is required to report accurate financial information.

**Condition:** The City's unaudited trial balance contained material misstatements.

**Context:** This finding impacts the internal control for all significant accounting functions.

**Effect:** The material misstatement in the unaudited trial balance resulted in the need to record adjustments during the audit.

**Recommendation:** We recommend management develop an accounting policy and procedures manual to assist with ensuring that all transactions are recorded consistently and that the information necessary to prepare an accurate unaudited trial balance is gathered in an organized and efficient manner and provided to the accountant.

**Management's Response:** Management agrees with our recommendation and will continue to work toward minimizing audit adjustments.





### MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Spring Lake Park

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Spring Lake Park, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Spring Lake Park's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 18, 2019.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities,* promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of Spring Lake Park failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City of Spring Lake Park's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Smith, Schafu and associates, Led.

July 18, 2019